FAIRCHILD

SEMICONDUCTOR™

74LCX16543

Low Voltage 16-Bit Registered Transceiver with 5V Tolerant Inputs and Outputs

General Description

The LCX16543 contains sixteen non-inverting transceivers containing two sets of D-type registers for temporary storage of data flowing in either direction. Each byte has separate control inputs which can be shorted together for full 16-bit operation. Separate Latch Enable and Output Enable inputs are provided for each register to permit independent input and output control in either direction of data flow.

The LCX16543 is designed for low voltage (2.5V or 3.3V) V_{CC} applications with capability of interfacing to a 5V signal environment.

The LCX16543 is fabricated with an advanced CMOS technology to achieve high speed operation while maintaining CMOS low power dissipation.

Features

■ 5V tolerant inputs and outputs

■ 2.3V–3.6V V_{CC} specifications provided

■ 5.2 ns t_{PD} max (V_{CC} = 3.3V), 20 µA I_{CC} max

■ Power down high impedance inputs and outputs

■ Supports live insertion/withdrawal (Note 1)

■ ±24 mA Output Drive (V_{CC} = 3.0V)

■ Implements patented noise/EMI reduction circuitry

■ Latch-up performance exceeds 500 mA

■ ESD performance:
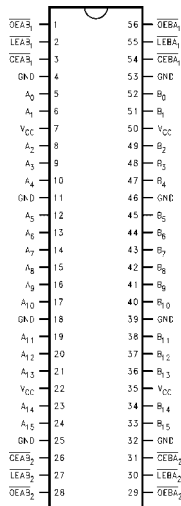
  Human Body Model > 2000V

  Machine Model > 200V

Note 1: To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or down, $\overline{OE}$ should be tied to V_{CC} through a pull-up resistor: the minimum value or the resistor is determined by the current-sourcing capability of the driver.
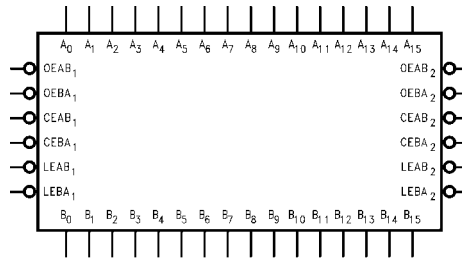
Ordering Code:

Order Number	Package Number	Package Description
74LCX16543MEA	MS56A	56-Lead Small Shrink Outline Package (SSOP), JEDEC MO-118, 0.300" Wide
74LCX16543MTD	MTD56	56-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide

Devices also available in Tape and Reel. Specify by appending the suffix letter "X" to the ordering code.

Connection Diagram

Logic Symbol

74LCX16543

Pin Descriptions

Pin Names	Description
$\overline{OEAB_n}$	A-to-B Output Enable Input (Active LOW)
$\overline{OEBA_n}$	B-to-A Output Enable Input (Active LOW)
$\overline{CEAB_n}$	A-to-B Enable Input (Active LOW)
$\overline{CEBA_n}$	B-to-A Enable Input (Active LOW)
$\overline{LEAB_n}$	A-to-B Latch Enable Input (Active LOW)
$\overline{LEBA_n}$	B-to-A Latch Enable Input (Active LOW)
A_0–A_{15}	A-to-B Data Inputs or B-to-A 3-STATE Outputs
B_0–B_{15}	B-to-A Data Inputs or A-to-B 3-STATE Outputs

Data I/O Control Table

Inputs			Latch Status	Output Buffers
$\overline{CEAB_n}$	$\overline{LEAB_n}$	$\overline{OEAB_n}$	(Byte n)	(Byte n)
H	X	X	Latched	High Z
X	H	X	Latched	—
L	L	X	Transparent	—
X	X	H	—	High Z
L	X	L	—	Driving

H = HIGH Voltage Level
L = LOW Voltage Level
X = Immaterial
A-to-B data flow shown; B-to-A flow control is the same, except using $\overline{CEBA_n}$, $\overline{LEBA_n}$ and $\overline{OEBA_n}$

Functional Description

The LCX16543 contains sixteen non-inverting transceivers with 3-STATE outputs. The device is byte controlled with each byte functioning identically, but independent of the other. The control pins may be shorted together to obtain full 16-bit operation. The following description applies to each byte. For data flow from A to B, for example, the A-to-B Enable ($\overline{CEAB_n}$) input must be LOW in order to enter data from A_0–A_{15} or take data from B_0–B_{15}, as indicated in the Data I/O Control Table. With $\overline{CEAB_n}$ LOW, a LOW sig-

nal on the A-to-B Latch Enable ($\overline{LEAB_n}$) input makes the A-to-B latches transparent; a subsequent LOW-to-HIGH transition of the $\overline{LEAB_n}$ signal puts the A latches in the storage mode and their outputs no longer change with the A inputs. With $\overline{CEAB_n}$ and $\overline{OEAB_n}$ both LOW, the 3-STATE B output buffers are active and reflect the data present at the output of the A latches. Control of data flow from B to A is similar, but using the $\overline{CEBA_n}$, $\overline{LEBA_n}$ and $\overline{OEBA_n}$ inputs.

Logic Diagrams
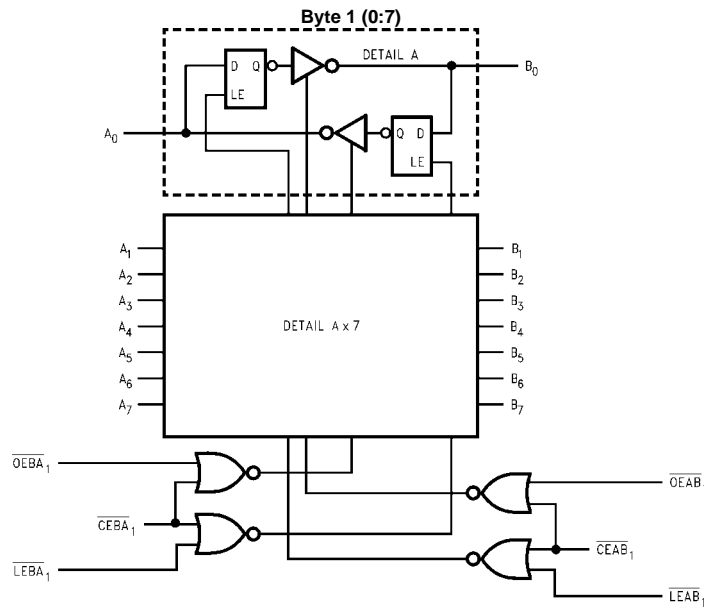
Byte 1 (0:7)

Please note that this diagram is provided only for the understanding of logic operations and should not be used to estimate propagation delays.

Byte 2 (8:15)
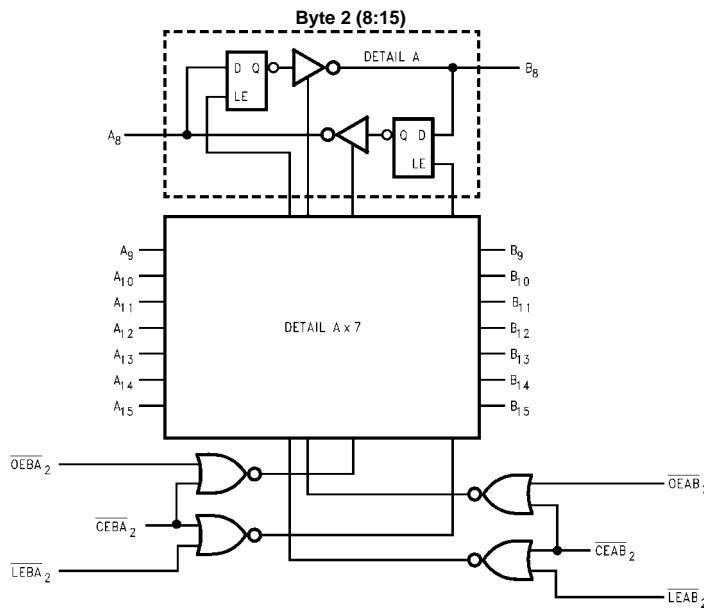
Please note that this diagram is provided only for the understanding of logic operations and should not be used to estimate propagation delays.

Absolute Maximum Ratings(Note 2)

Symbol	Parameter	Value	Conditions	Units
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	−0.5 to +7.0		V
V_I	DC Input Voltage	−0.5 to +7.0		V
V_O	DC Output Voltage	−0.5 to +7.0	Output in 3-STATE	V
		−0.5 to V_{CC} + 0.5	Output in HIGH or LOW State (Note 3)	
I_{IK}	DC Input Diode Current	−50	V_I < GND	mA
I_{OK}	DC Output Diode Current	−50	V_O < GND	mA
		+50	V_O > V_{CC}	
I_O	DC Output Source/Sink Current	±50		mA
I_{CC}	DC Supply Current per Supply Pin	±100		mA
I_{GND}	DC Ground Current per Ground Pin	±100		mA
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature	−65 to +150		°C

Recommended Operating Conditions (Note 4)

Symbol	Parameter		Min	Max	Units
V_{CC}	Supply Voltage	Operating	2.0	3.6	V
		Data Retention	1.5	3.6	
V_I	Input Voltage		0	5.5	V
V_O	Output Voltage	HIGH or LOW State	0	V_{CC}	V
		3-STATE	0	5.5	
I_{OH}/I_{OL}	Output Current	V_{CC} = 3.0V − 3.6V		±24	mA
		V_{CC} = 2.7V − 3.0V		±12	
		V_{CC} = 2.3V − 2.7V		±8	
T_A	Free-Air Operating Temperature		−40	85	°C
$\Delta t/\Delta V$	Input Edge Rate, V_{IN} = 0.8V–2.0V, V_{CC} = 3.0V		0	10	ns/V

Note 2: The Absolute Maximum Ratings are those values beyond which the safety of the device cannot be guaranteed. The device should not be operated at these limits. The parametric values defined in the Electrical Characteristics tables are not guaranteed at the Absolute Maximum Ratings. The "Recommended Operating Conditions" table will define the conditions for actual device operation.

Note 3: I_O Absolute Maximum Rating must be observed.

Note 4: Unused (inputs or I/Os) must be held HIGH or LOW. They may not float.

DC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_{CC} (V)	T_A = −40°C to +85°C Min	T_A = −40°C to +85°C Max	Units
V_{IH}	HIGH Level Input Voltage		2.3 – 2.7	1.7		V
			2.7 – 3.6	2.0		
V_{IL}	LOW Level Input Voltage		2.3 – 2.7		0.7	V
			2.7 – 3.6		0.8	
V_{OH}	HIGH Level Output Voltage	I_{OH} = −100 µA	2.3 – 3.6	V_{CC} − 0.2		V
		I_{OH} = −8 mA	2.3	1.8		
		I_{OH} = −12 mA	2.7	2.2		
		I_{OH} = −18 mA	3.0	2.4		
		I_{OH} = −24 mA	3.0	2.2		
V_{OL}	LOW Level Output Voltage	I_{OL} = 100 µA	2.3 – 3.6		0.2	V
		I_{OL} = 8 mA	2.3		0.6	
		I_{OL} = 12 mA	2.7		0.4	
		I_{OL} = 16 mA	3.0		0.4	
		I_{OL} = 24 mA	3.0		0.55	
I_I	Input Leakage Current	0 ≤ V_I ≤ 5.5V	2.3 – 3.6		±5.0	µA
I_{OZ}	3-STATE I/O Leakage	0 ≤ V_O ≤ 5.5V	2.3 – 3.6		±5.0	µA
		V_I = V_{IH} or V_{IL}				
I_{OFF}	Power-Off Leakage Current	V_I or V_O = 5.5V	0		10	µA

DC Electrical Characteristics (Continued)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_CC (V)	T_A = −40°C to +85°C		Units
				Min	Max	
I_{CC}	Quiescent Supply Current	V_I = V_{CC} or GND	2.3 – 3.6		20	μA
		3.6V ≤ V_I, V_O ≤ 5.5V (Note 5)	2.3 – 3.6		±20	
ΔI_{CC}	Increase in I_{CC} per Input	V_{IH} = V_{CC} −0.6V	2.3 – 3.6		500	μA

Note 5: Outputs in disabled or 3-STATE only.

AC Electrical Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	T_A = −40°C to +85°C, R_L = 500 Ω						Units
		V_{CC} = 3.3V ± 0.3V		V_{CC} = 2.7V		V_{CC} = 2.5V ± 0.2V		
		C_L = 50 pF		C_L = 50 pF		C_L = 30 pF		
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay	1.5	5.2	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.2	ns
t_{PLH}	A_n to B_n or B_n to A_n	1.5	5.2	1.5	6.0	1.5	6.2	
t_{PHL}	Propagation Delay	1.5	6.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	7.8	ns
t_{PLH}	$\overline{LEBA}_n$ to A_n or $\overline{LEAB}_n$ to B_n	1.5	6.5	1.5	7.5	1.5	7.8	
t_{PZL}	Output Enable Time							ns
t_{PZH}	$\overline{OEBA}_n$ or $\overline{OEAB}_n$ to A_n or B_n	1.5	6.5	1.5	7.0	1.5	8.5	
	$\overline{CEBA}_n$ or $\overline{CEAB}_n$ to A_n or B_n	1.5	6.5	1.5	7.0	1.5	8.5	
t_{PLZ}	Output Disable Time							ns
t_{PHZ}	$\overline{OEBA}_n$ or $\overline{OEAB}_n$ to A_n or B_n	1.5	6.5	1.5	7.0	1.5	7.8	
	$\overline{CEBA}_n$ or $\overline{CEAB}_n$ to A_n or B_n	1.5	6.5	1.5	7.0	1.5	7.8	
t_S	Setup Time, HIGH or LOW, Data to $\overline{LEXX}_n$	2.5		2.5		3.0		ns
t_H	Hold Time, HIGH or LOW, Data to $\overline{LEXX}_n$	1.5		1.5		2.0		ns
t_W	Pulse Width, Latch Enable, LOW	3.0		3.0		3.5		ns
t_{OSHL}	Output to Output Skew (Note 6)		1.0					ns
t_{OSLH}			1.0					

Note 6: Skew is defined as the absolute value of the difference between the actual propagation delay for any two separate outputs of the same device. The specification applies to any outputs switching in the same direction, either HIGH-to-LOW (t_{OSHL}) or LOW-to-HIGH (t_{OSLH}). Parameter guaranteed by design.

Dynamic Switching Characteristics

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	V_CC (V)	T_A = 25°C Typical	Units
V_{OLP}	Quiet Output Dynamic Peak V_{OL}	C_L = 50 pF, V_{IH} = 3.3V, V_{IL} = 0V	3.3	0.8	V
		C_L = 30 pF, V_{IH} = 2.5V, V_{IL} = 0V	2.5	0.6	
V_{OLV}	Quiet Output Dynamic Valley V_{OL}	C_L = 50 pF, V_{IH} = 3.3V, V_{IL} = 0V	3.3	−0.8	V
		C_L = 30 pF, V_{IH} = 2.5V, V_{IL} = 0V	2.5	−0.6	

Capacitance

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Typical	Units
C_{IN}	Input Capacitance	V_{CC} = Open, V_I = 0V or V_{CC}	7	pF
$C_{I/O}$	Input/Output Capacitance	V_{CC} = 3.3V, V_I = 0V or V_{CC}	8	pF
C_{PD}	Power Dissipation Capacitance	V_{CC} = 3.3V, V_I = 0V or V_{CC}, f = 10 MHz	20	pF

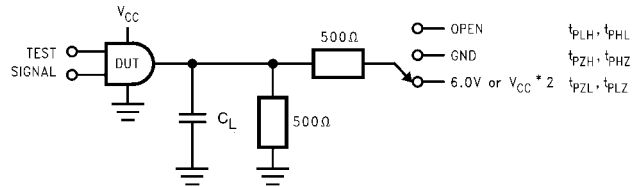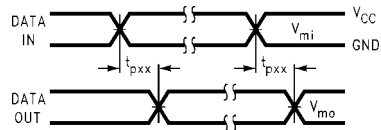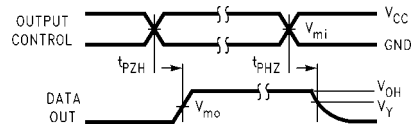# AC LOADING and WAVEFORMS Generic for LCX Family

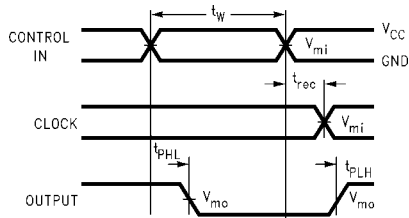**FIGURE 1. AC Test Circuit (C_L includes probe and jig capacitance)**

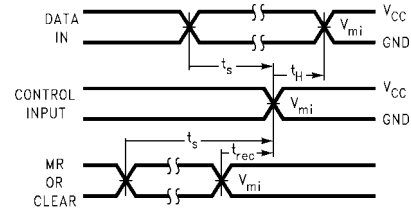| Test	Switch
t_{PLH}, t_{PHL}	Open
t_{PZL}, t_{PLZ}	6V at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3V$ V_{CC} x 2 at $V_{CC} = 2.5 \pm 0.2V$
t_{PZH}, t_{PHZ}	GND

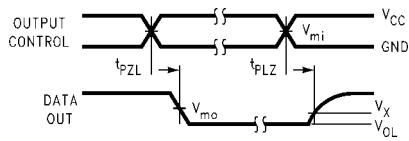**Waveform for Inverting and Non-Inverting Functions**

3-STATE Output High Enable and Disable Times for Logic

Propagation Delay. Pulse Width and t_{rec} Waveforms

Setup Time, Hold Time and Recovery Time for Logic
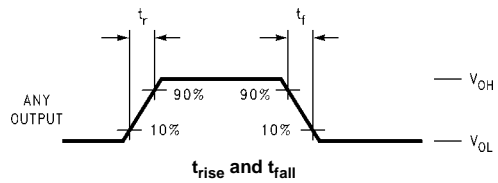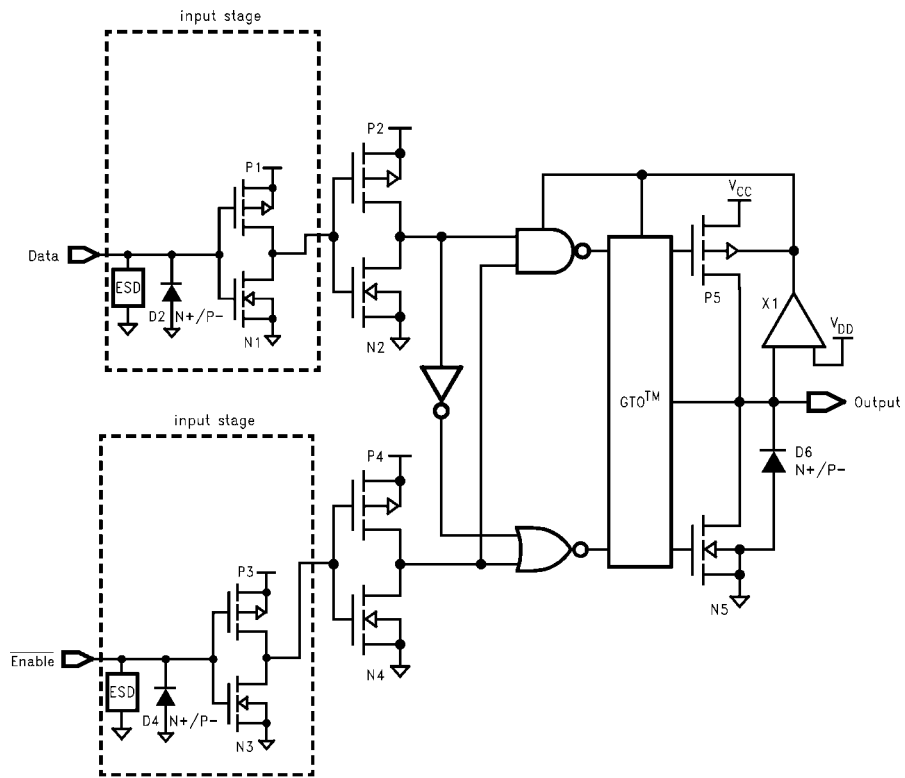

3-STATE Output Low Enable and Disable Times for Logic

t_{rise} and t_{fall}

FIGURE 2. Waveforms
(Input Characteristics; f =1MHz, $t_R = t_F = 3ns$)

Symbol	V_{CC}		
	3.3V $\pm$ 0.3V	**2.7V**	**2.5V $\pm$ 0.2V**
V_{mi}	1.5V	1.5V	$V_{CC}/2$
V_{mo}	1.5V	1.5V	$V_{CC}/2$
V_x	$V_{OL} + 0.3V$	$V_{OL} + 0.3V$	$V_{OL} + 0.15V$
V_y	$V_{OH} - 0.3V$	$V_{OH} - 0.3V$	$V_{OH} - 0.15V$

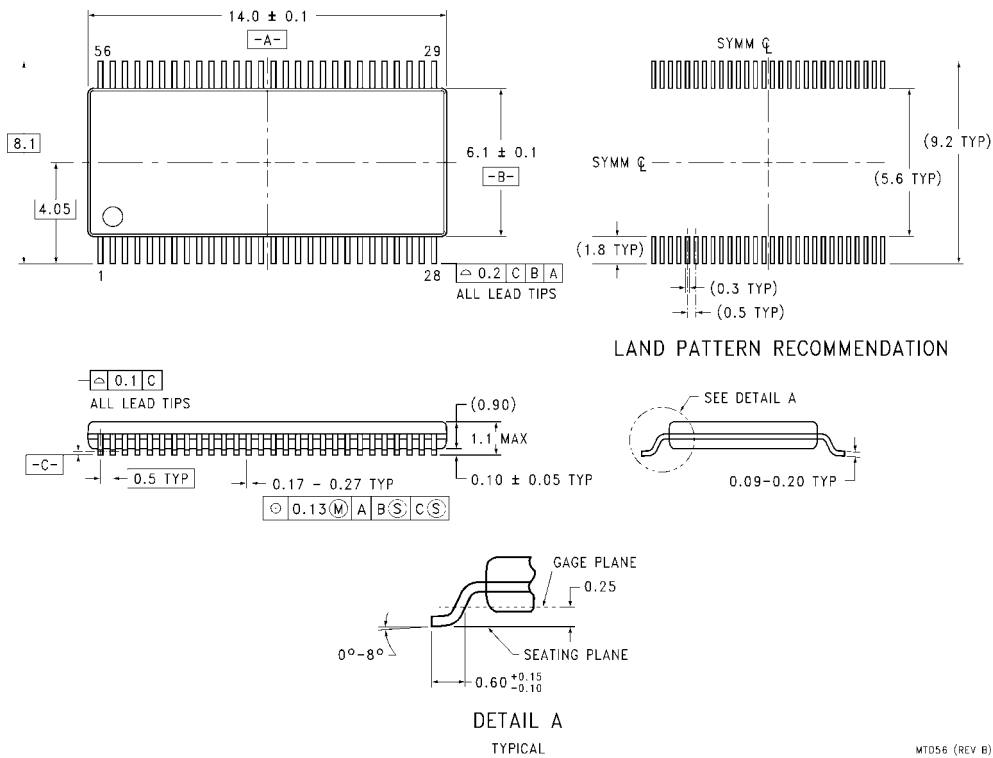## Schematic Diagram Generic for LCX Family

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted

0.720 – 0.730
[18.30 – 18.54]
– A –

56   29

LEAD #1
IDENT

0.398 – 0.417
[10.10 – 10.60]
⊕ | 0.010[0.25] | C | B Ⓢ | A Ⓢ

0.291 – 0.299
[7.40 – 7.59]
– B –

1   28

0.020 ±0.003
[0.51 ±0.08] TYP

0.025
[0.635] TYP

0.008 – 0.012
[0.21 – 0.30] TYP

⊕ | 0.0031[0.08] Ⓜ | C | A Ⓢ | B Ⓢ

0.005 – 0.009
[0.13 – 0.22]

GAUGE PLANE
0.010
[0.25]

0.020 – 0.040
[0.51 – 1.01]

DETAIL E TYP

0.096 – 0.108
[2.44 – 2.74]

SEATING PLANE

45° x 0.015 – 0.025
[0.39 – 0.63]

SEE DETAIL E

0.025
[0.635] TYP

0.010
[0.25] MIN TYP

– D –
– C –

0° – 8° TYP

⌁ | 0.004[0.10]
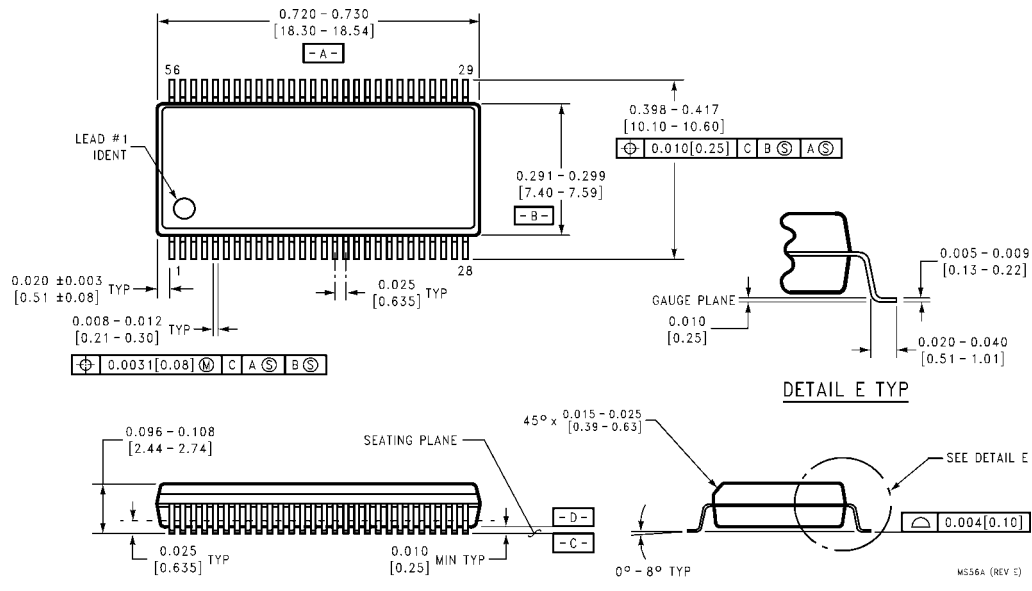
MS56A (REV E)

56-Lead Shrink Small Outline Package (SSOP), JEDEC MO-118, 0.300" Wide
Package Number MS56A

Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted (Continued)

14.0 ± 0.1
-A-
56   29

8.1

4.05

6.1 ± 0.1
-B-

1   28

⌒ 0.2 | C | B | A
ALL LEAD TIPS

SYMM ℄

(9.2 TYP)

SYMM ℄

(5.6 TYP)

(1.8 TYP)

(0.3 TYP)
(0.5 TYP)

LAND PATTERN RECOMMENDATION

⌒ 0.1 | C
ALL LEAD TIPS

-C-

0.5 TYP

0.17 - 0.27 TYP

○ 0.13 Ⓜ | A | BⓈ | CⓈ

(0.90)

1.1 MAX

0.10 ± 0.05 TYP

SEE DETAIL A

0.09-0.20 TYP

GAGE PLANE

0.25

0°-8°

SEATING PLANE

0.60 +0.15 −0.10

DETAIL A

TYPICAL

MTD56 (REV B)

56-Lead Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP), JEDEC MO-153, 6.1mm Wide Package Number MTD56