

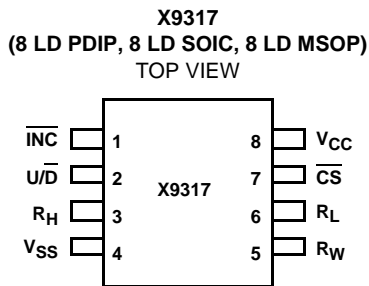
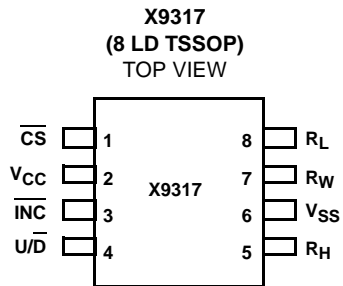
### Digitally Controlled Potentiometer (XDCP™)

The Intersil X9317 is a digitally controlled potentiometer (XDCP™). The device consists of a resistor array, wiper switches, a control section, and nonvolatile memory. The wiper position is controlled by a 3-wire interface.

The potentiometer is implemented by a resistor array composed of 99 resistive elements and a wiper switching network. Between each element and at either end are tap points accessible to the wiper terminal. The position of the wiper element is controlled by the  $\overline{CS}$ , U/D, and  $\overline{INC}$  inputs. The position of the wiper can be stored in nonvolatile memory and then be recalled upon a subsequent power-up operation.

The device can be used as a three-terminal potentiometer for voltage control or as a two-terminal variable resistor for current control in a wide variety of applications.

### Pinouts



### Features

- Solid-State Potentiometer
- 3-Wire Serial Up/Down Interface
- 100 Wiper Tap Points
  - Wiper Position Stored in Nonvolatile Memory and Recalled on Power-up
- 99 Resistive Elements
  - Temperature Compensated
  - End-to-end Resistance Range  $\pm 20\%$
- Low Power CMOS
  - $V_{CC} = 2.7V$  to  $5.5V$ , and  $5V \pm 10\%$
  - Standby Current  $< 1\mu A$
- High Reliability
  - Endurance, 100,000 Data Changes per Bit
  - Register Data Retention, 100 years
- $R_{TOTAL}$  Values =  $1k\Omega$ ,  $10k\Omega$ ,  $50k\Omega$ ,  $100k\Omega$
- Packages
  - 8 Ld SOIC, PDIP, TSSOP, and MSOP
- Pb-Free Available (RoHS Compliant)

### Applications

- LCD Bias Control
- DC Bias Adjustment
- Gain and Offset Trim
- Laser Diode Bias Control
- Voltage Regulator Output Control

## Ordering Information

PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	V <sub>CC</sub> LIMITS (V)	R <sub>TOTAL</sub> (kΩ)	TEMPERATURE RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG. #	
X9317ZM8*	AFG	5 ±10%	1	0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118	
X9317ZM8Z* (Note)	DDA			0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118	
X9317ZM8I*	AFI			-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118	
X9317ZM8IZ* (Note)	DCY			-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118	
X9317ZP	X9317ZP			0 to +70	8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031	
X9317ZS8*	X9317Z			0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027	
X9317ZS8Z* (Note)	X9317Z Z			0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027	
X9317ZS8I*	X9317Z I			-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027	
X9317ZS8IZ* (Note)	X9317Z Z I			-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027	
X9317ZV8*	9317Z			0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173	
X9317ZV8Z* (Note)	9317Z Z			0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173	
X9317ZV8I*	317Z I			-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173	
X9317ZV8IZ* (Note)	9317Z IZ		-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173		
X9317WM8*	ABF		5 ±10%	10	0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118
X9317WM8Z* (Note)	DCW				0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118
X9317WM8I*	ADS				-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118
X9317WM8IZ* (Note)	DCT				-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118
X9317WP	X9317WP				0 to +70	8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031
X9317WPI	X9317WP I				-40 to +85	8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031
X9317WS8*	X9317W				0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027
X9317WS8Z* (Note)	X9317W Z				0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027
X9317WS8I*	X9317W I				-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027
X9317WS8IZ* (Note)	X9317W Z I				-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027
X9317WV8*, **	9317W				0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173
X9317WV8Z* (Note)	9317W Z	0 to +70			8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173	
X9317WV8I*	317W I	-40 to +85		8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173		
X9317WV8IZ* (Note)	9317W IZ	-40 to +85		8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173		
X9317UM8*	AEC	5 ±10%		50	0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118
X9317UM8Z* (Note)	DCS				0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118
X9317UM8I*	AFE				-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118
X9317UM8IZ* (Note)	DCR				-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118
X9317UP	X9317UP				0 to +70	8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031
X9317UPI	X9317UP I				-40 to +85	8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031
X9317US8*	X9317U				0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027
X9317US8Z* (Note)	X9317U Z				0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027
X9317US8I*	X9317U I				-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027
X9317US8IZ* (Note)	X9317U Z I				-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027
X9317UV8*	9317U		0 to +70		8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173	
X9317UV8Z* (Note)	9317U Z		0 to +70		8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173	
X9317UV8I*	317U I		-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173		
X9317UV8IZ* (Note)	9317U IZ		-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173		

## Ordering Information (Continued)

PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	V <sub>CC</sub> LIMITS (V)	R <sub>TOTAL</sub> (k $\Omega$ )	TEMPERATURE RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG. #		
X9317TM8*, **	AGD	5 $\pm$ 10%	100	0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118		
X9317TM8Z* (Note)	DCN			0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118		
X9317TM8I*, **	AGF			-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118		
X9317TM8IZ* (Note)	DCL			-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118		
X9317TP	X9317TP			0 to +70	8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031		
X9317TPI	X9317TP I			-40 to +85	8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031		
X9317TS8	X9317T			0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027		
X9317TS8Z (Note)	X9317T Z			0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027		
X9317TS8I	X9317T I			-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027		
X9317TS8IZ (Note)	X9317T ZI			-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027		
X9317TV8*, **	9317T			0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173		
X9317TV8Z* (Note)	9317T Z			0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173		
X9317TV8I*, **	317T I			-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173		
X9317TV8IZ* (Note)	9317T IZ			-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173		
X9317ZM8-2.7*	AFH			2.7 to 5.5	1	0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118
X9317ZM8Z-2.7* (Note)	AOA					0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118
X9317ZM8I-2.7*	AFJ	-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP			M8.118		
X9317ZM8IZ-2.7* (Note)	DCZ	-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)			M8.118		
X9317ZS8-2.7*	X9317Z F	0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC			MDP0027		
X9317ZS8Z-2.7* (Note)	X9317Z ZF	0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)			MDP0027		
X9317ZS8I-2.7*	X9317Z G	-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC			MDP0027		
X9317ZS8IZ-2.7* (Note)	X9317Z ZG	-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)			MDP0027		
X9317ZV8-2.7*	317Z F	0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP			M8.173		
X9317ZV8Z-2.7* (Note)	9317Z FZ	0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)			M8.173		
X9317ZV8I-2.7*, **	317Z G	-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP			M8.173		
X9317ZV8IZ-2.7* (Note)	9317Z GZ	-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)			M8.173		
X9317WM8-2.7*	ACZ	10	0 to +70		8 Ld MSOP	M8.118		
X9317WM8Z-2.7* (Note)	DCX		0 to +70		8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118		
X9317WM8I-2.7*	ADT		-40 to +85		8 Ld MSOP	M8.118		
X9317WM8IZ-2.7*	DCU		-40 to +85		8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118		
X9317WP-2.7	X9317WP F		0 to +70		8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031		
X9317WPI-2.7	X9317WP G		-40 to +85		8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031		
X9317WS8-2.7*	X9317W F		0 to +70		8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027		
X9317WS8Z-2.7* (Note)	X9317W ZF		0 to +70		8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027		
X9317WS8I-2.7*, **	X9317W G		-40 to +85		8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027		
X9317WS8IZ-2.7* (Note)	X9317W ZG		-40 to +85		8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027		
X9317WV8-2.7*	317W F		0 to +70		8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173		
X9317WV8Z-2.7* (Note)	9317W FZ		0 to +70		8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173		
X9317WV8I-2.7*, **	317W G	-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173				
X9317WV8IZ-2.7* (Note)	AKZ	-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173				

**Ordering Information** (Continued)

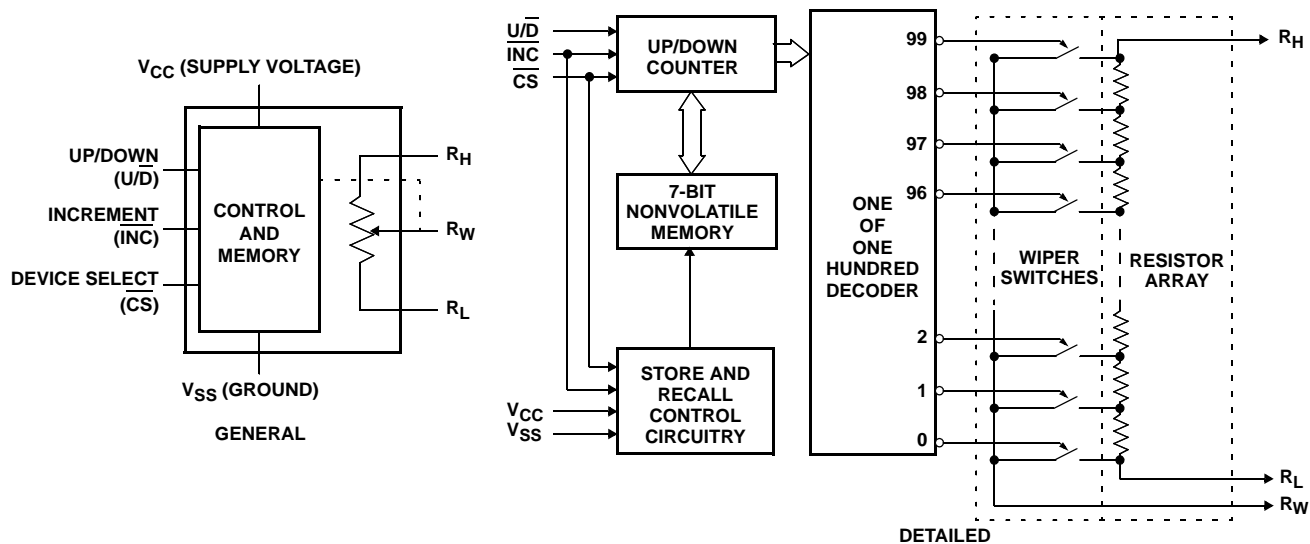
PART NUMBER	PART MARKING	V <sub>CC</sub> LIMITS (V)	R <sub>TOTAL</sub> (kΩ)	TEMPERATURE RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE	PKG. DWG. #		
X9317UM8-2.7*	AED	2.7 to 5.5	10	0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118		
X9317UM8Z-2.7* (Note)	AOB			0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118		
X9317UM8I-2.7*, **	AFF			-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118		
X9317UM8IZ-2.7* (Note)	AOH			-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118		
X9317US8-2.7*	X9317U F		50	50	0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027	
X9317UP-2.7	X9317UP F				0 to +70	8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031	
X9317UPI-2.7	X9317UP G				-40 to +85	8 Ld PDIP	MDP0031	
X9317US8Z-2.7* (Note)	X9317U ZF				0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027	
X9317US8I-2.7*, **	X9317U G			-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC	MDP0027		
X9317US8IZ-2.7* (Note)	X9317U ZG			-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)	MDP0027		
X9317UV8-2.7*	317U F			0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173		
X9317UV8Z-2.7* (Note)	9317U FZ			0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173		
X9317UV8I-2.7*, **	317U G			-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP	M8.173		
X9317UV8IZ-2.7* (Note)	9317U GZ			-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)	M8.173		
X9317TM8-2.7*, **	AGE			100	100	0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP	M8.118
X9317TM8Z-2.7* (Note)	DCP					0 to +70	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)	M8.118
X9317TM8I-2.7*, **	AGG	-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP			M8.118		
X9317TM8IZ-2.7* (Note)	DCM	-40 to +85	8 Ld MSOP (Pb-free)			M8.118		
X9317TP-2.7	X9317TP F	0 to +70	8 Ld PDIP		MDP0031			
X9317TPI-2.7	X9317TP G	-40 to +85	8 Ld PDIP		MDP0031			
X9317TS8-2.7*, **	X9317T F	0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC		MDP0027			
X9317TS8Z-2.7* (Note)	X9317T ZF	0 to +70	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)		MDP0027			
X9317TS8I-2.7*, **	X9317T G	-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC		MDP0027			
X9317TS8IZ-2.7* (Note)	X9317T ZG	-40 to +85	8 Ld SOIC (Pb-free)		MDP0027			
X9317TV8-2.7*, **	317T F	0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP		M8.173			
X9317TV8Z-2.7* (Note)	9317T FZ	0 to +70	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)		M8.173			
X9317TV8I-2.7*, **	317T G	-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP		M8.173			
X9317TV8IZ-2.7* (Note)	9317T GZ	-40 to +85	8 Ld TSSOP (Pb-free)		M8.173			

NOTE: These Intersil Pb-free plastic packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets, molding compounds/die attach materials, and 100% matte tin plate plus anneal (e3 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations). Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.

\*Add "T1" suffix for tape and reel. Please refer to TB347 for details on reel specifications.

\*\*Add "T2" suffix for tape and reel. Please refer to TB347 for details on reel specifications.

**Block Diagram**



**Pin Descriptions**

PDIP/SOIC/MSOP	TSSOP	SYMBOL	BRIEF DESCRIPTION
1	3	$\overline{INC}$	<b>Increment.</b> Toggling $\overline{INC}$ while $\overline{CS}$ is low moves the wiper either up or down.
2	4	$U/\overline{D}$	<b>Up/Down.</b> The $U/\overline{D}$ input controls the direction of the wiper movement.
3	5	$R_H$	The high terminal is equivalent to one of the fixed terminals of a mechanical potentiometer.
4	6	$V_{SS}$	<b>Ground.</b>
5	7	$R_W$	The wiper terminal is equivalent to the movable terminal of a mechanical potentiometer.
6	8	$R_L$	The low terminal is equivalent to one of the fixed terminals of a mechanical potentiometer.
7	1	$\overline{CS}$	<b>Chip Select.</b> The device is selected when the $\overline{CS}$ input is LOW, and de-selected when $\overline{CS}$ is high.
8	2	$V_{CC}$	<b>Supply Voltage.</b>

**Absolute Maximum Ratings**

$I_W$  (10s) ..... ±8.8mA  
 $R_H$ ,  $R_W$ ,  $R_L$  to Ground ..... +6V  
 Voltage on CS, INC, U/D and  $V_{CC}$   
 with Respect to  $V_{SS}$  ..... -1V to +7V

**Thermal Information**

Junction Temperature Under Bias ..... -65°C to +135°C  
 Storage Temperature ..... -65°C to +150°C  
 Pb-free reflow profile ..... see link below  
<http://www.intersil.com/pbfree/Pb-FreeReflow.asp>

*CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.*

**Potentiometer Specifications**  $V_{CC}$  = Full Range,  $T_A$  = Full Operating Temperature Range, unless otherwise stated.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS/NOTES	MIN (Note 8)	TYP (Note 4)	MAX (Note 8)	UNIT
$R_{TOTAL}$	End-to-end Resistance Tolerance	See "Ordering Information" beginning on page 2 for values	-20		+20	%
$V_{RH/RL}$	$R_H/R_L$ Terminal Voltage	$V_{SS} = 0V$	$V_{SS}$		$V_{CC}$	V
	Power Rating	$R_{TOTAL} \geq 10k\Omega$			10	mW
		$R_{TOTAL} = 1k\Omega$			25	mW
$R_W$	Wiper Resistance	$I_W = 1mA$ , $V_{CC} = 5V$		200	400	$\Omega$
		$I_W = 1mA$ , $V_{CC} = 2.7V$		400	1000	$\Omega$
$I_W$	Wiper Current (Note 5)	See "Test Circuit" on page 7	-4.4		+4.4	mA
	Noise (Note 7)	Ref: 1kHz		-120		dBV
	Resolution			1		%
	Absolute Linearity (Note 1)	$V(R_H) = V_{CC}$ , $V(R_L) = 0V$	-1		+1	MI (Note 3)
	Relative Linearity (Note 2)	$V(R_H) = V_{CC}$ , $V(R_L) = 0V$	-0.2		+0.2	MI (Note 3)
	$R_{TOTAL}$ Temperature Coefficient (Note 5)	$V(R_H) = V_{CC}$ , $V(R_L) = 0V$			±300	ppm/°C
	Ratiometric Temperature Coefficient (Notes 5, 6)	$V(R_H) = V_{CC}$ , $V(R_L) = 0V$	-20		+20	ppm/°C
$C_H/C_L/C_W$ (Note 5)	Potentiometer Capacitances	See "Equivalent Circuit" on page 7		10/10/25		pF
$V_{CC}$	Supply Voltage	X9317	4.5		5.5	V
		X9317-2.7	2.7		5.5	V

**DC Electrical Specifications**  $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ ,  $T_A$  = Full Operating Temperature Range, unless otherwise stated.

SYMBOL	PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 8)	TYP (Note 4)	MAX (Note 8)	UNIT
$I_{CC1}$	$V_{CC}$ Active Current (Increment)	$\overline{CS} = V_{IL}$ , $U/\overline{D} = V_{IL}$ or $V_{IH}$ and $\overline{INC} = V_{IL}/V_{IH}$ @ min. $t_{CYC}$ $R_L$ , $R_H$ , $R_W$ not connected			50	$\mu A$
$I_{CC2}$	$V_{CC}$ Active Current (Store) (non-volatile write)	$\overline{CS} = V_{IH}$ , $U/\overline{D} = V_{IL}$ or $V_{IH}$ and $\overline{INC} = V_{IL}$ or $V_{IH}$ . $R_L$ , $R_H$ , $R_W$ not connected			400	$\mu A$
$I_{SB}$	Standby Supply Current	$\overline{CS} \geq V_{IH}$ , $U/\overline{D}$ and $\overline{INC} = V_{IL}$ $R_L$ , $R_H$ , $R_W$ not connected			1	$\mu A$
$I_{LI}$	$\overline{CS}$ , $\overline{INC}$ , $U/\overline{D}$ Input Leakage Current	$V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ to $V_{CC}$	-10		+10	$\mu A$
$V_{IH}$	$\overline{CS}$ , $\overline{INC}$ , $U/\overline{D}$ Input HIGH Voltage		$V_{CC} \times 0.7$		$V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
$V_{IL}$	$\overline{CS}$ , $\overline{INC}$ , $U/\overline{D}$ Input LOW Voltage		-0.5		$V_{CC} \times 0.1$	V
$C_{IN}$ (Note 5)	$\overline{CS}$ , $\overline{INC}$ , $U/\overline{D}$ Input Capacitance	$V_{CC} = 5V$ , $V_{IN} = V_{SS}$ , $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , $f = 1MHz$			10	pF

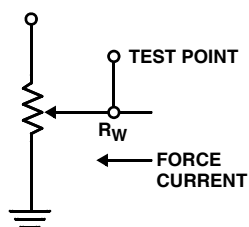
**Endurance and Data Retention**  $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ ,  $T_A =$  Full Operating Temperature Range.

PARAMETER	MIN	UNIT
Minimum Endurance	100,000	Data changes per bit
Data Retention	100	Years

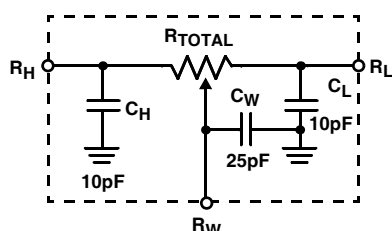
NOTES:

- Absolute linearity is utilized to determine actual wiper voltage versus expected voltage =  $[V(R_{W(n)}(\text{actual}) - V(R_{W(n)}(\text{expected}))]/MI$   
 $V(R_{W(n)}(\text{expected})) = n(V(R_H) - V(R_L))/99 + V(R_L)$ , with n from 0 to 99.
- Relative linearity is a measure of the error in step size between taps =  $[V(R_{W(n+1)}) - (V(R_{W(n)}) - MI)]/MI$ .
- 1 MI = Minimum Increment =  $[V(R_H) - V(R_L)]/99$ .
- Typical values are for  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$  and nominal supply voltage.
- This parameter is not 100% tested.
- Ratiometric temperature coefficient =  $(V(R_{W(n)})_{T1} - V(R_{W(n)})_{T2}) / [V(R_{W(n)})_{T1} (T1 - T2) \times 10^6]$ , with T1 and T2 being 2 temperatures, and n from 0 to 99.
- Measured with wiper at tap position 99,  $R_L$  grounded, using test circuit.
- Parameters with MIN and/or MAX limits are 100% tested at  $+25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified. Temperature limits established by characterization and are not production tested.

**Test Circuit**



**Equivalent Circuit**



**AC Conditions of Test**

Input pulse levels	0V to 3V
Input rise and fall times	10ns
Input reference levels	1.5V

**AC Electrical Specifications**  $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$ ,  $T_A =$  Full Operating Temperature Range, unless otherwise stated.

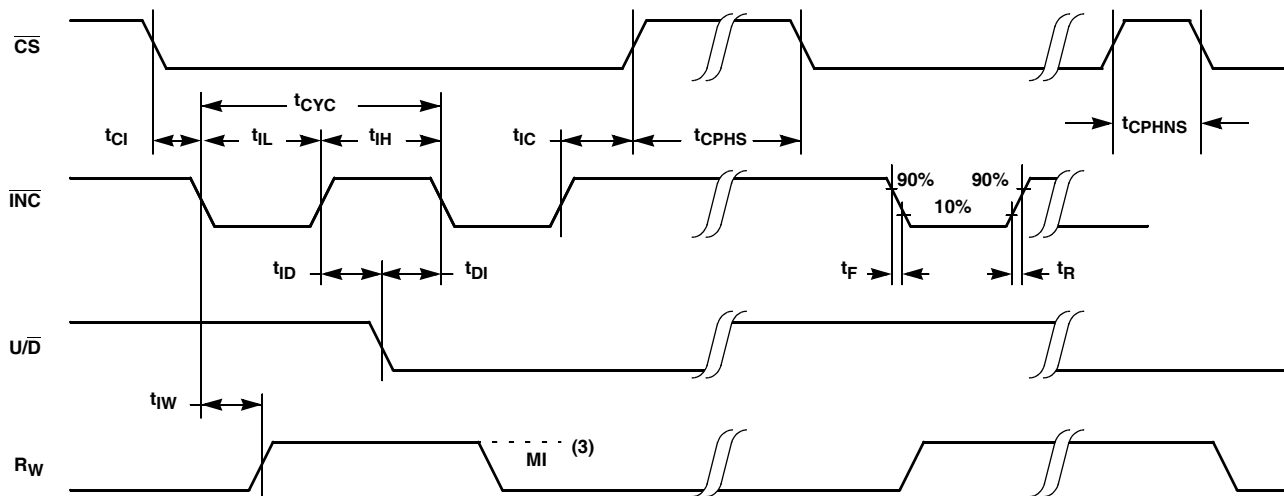
SYMBOL	PARAMETER	MIN (Note 8)	TYP (Note 4)	MAX (Note 8)	UNIT
$t_{CI}$	$\overline{CS}$ to $\overline{INC}$ Setup	50			ns
$t_{ID}$ (Note 5)	$\overline{INC}$ HIGH to $\overline{U/D}$ Change	100			ns
$t_{DI}$ (Note 5)	$\overline{U/D}$ to $\overline{INC}$ Setup	1			$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{IL}$	$\overline{INC}$ LOW Period	960			ns
$t_{IH}$	$\overline{INC}$ HIGH Period	960			ns
$t_{IC}$	$\overline{INC}$ Inactive to $\overline{CS}$ Inactive	1			$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{CPHS}$	$\overline{CS}$ Deselect Time (STORE)	10			ms
$t_{CPHNS}$ (Note 5)	$\overline{CS}$ Deselect Time (NO STORE)	100			ns
$t_{IW}$	$\overline{INC}$ to $R_W$ Change		1	5	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{CYC}$	$\overline{INC}$ Cycle Time	2			$\mu\text{s}$
$t_R, t_F$ (Note 5)	$\overline{INC}$ Input Rise and Fall Time			500	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_{PU}$ (Note 5)	Power-up to Wiper Stable			5	$\mu\text{s}$
$t_R V_{CC}$ (Note 5)	$V_{CC}$ Power-up Rate	0.2		50	V/ms
$t_{WR}$	Store Cycle		5	10	ms

### Power-up and Down Requirements

The recommended power-up sequence is to apply  $V_{CC}/V_{SS}$  first, then the potentiometer voltages. During power-up, the data sheet parameters for the DCP do not fully apply until

1ms after  $V_{CC}$  reaches its final value. The  $V_{CC}$  ramp spec is always in effect. In order to prevent unwanted tap position changes, or an inadvertent store, bring the  $\overline{CS}$  and  $\overline{INC}$  high before or concurrently with the  $V_{CC}$  pin on power-up.

### AC Timing



### Typical Performance Characteristic

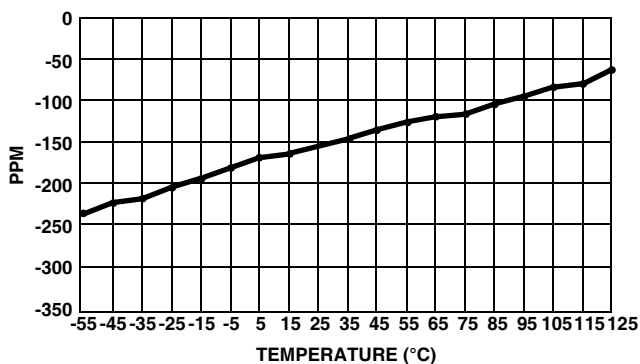


FIGURE 1. TYPICAL TOTAL RESISTANCE TEMPERATURE COEFFICIENT



## Pin Descriptions

### R<sub>H</sub> AND R<sub>L</sub>

The high (R<sub>H</sub>) and low (R<sub>L</sub>) terminals of the X9317 are equivalent to the fixed terminals of a mechanical potentiometer. The terminology of R<sub>L</sub> and R<sub>H</sub> references the relative position of the terminal in relation to wiper movement direction selected by the U/ $\bar{D}$  input and not the voltage potential on the terminal.

### R<sub>W</sub>

R<sub>W</sub> is the wiper terminal and is equivalent to the movable terminal of a mechanical potentiometer. The position of the wiper within the array is determined by the control inputs. The wiper terminal series resistance is typically 200Ω.

### UP/DOWN (U/ $\bar{D}$ )

The U/ $\bar{D}$  input controls the direction of the wiper movement and whether the counter is incremented or decremented.

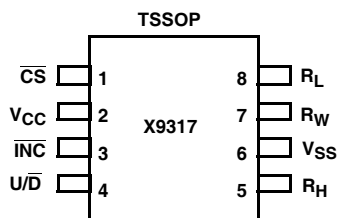
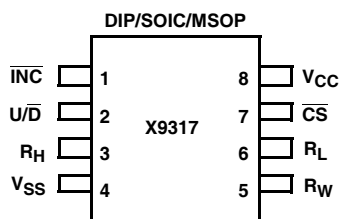
### INCREMENT ( $\bar{INC}$ )

The  $\bar{INC}$  input is negative-edge triggered. Toggling  $\bar{INC}$  will move the wiper and either increment or decrement the counter in the direction indicated by the logic level on the U/ $\bar{D}$  input.

### CHIP SELECT ( $\bar{CS}$ )

The device is selected when the  $\bar{CS}$  input is LOW. The current counter value is stored in nonvolatile memory when  $\bar{CS}$  is returned HIGH while the  $\bar{INC}$  input is also HIGH. After the store operation is complete, the X9317 will be placed in the low power standby mode until the device is selected once again.

## Pin Configuration



## Pin Names

SYMBOL	DESCRIPTION
R <sub>H</sub>	High terminal
R <sub>W</sub>	Wiper terminal
R <sub>L</sub>	Low terminal
V <sub>SS</sub>	Ground
V <sub>CC</sub>	Supply voltage
U/ $\bar{D}$	Up/Down control input
$\bar{INC}$	Increment control input
$\bar{CS}$	Chip select control input

## Principles of Operation

There are three sections of the X9317: the control section, the nonvolatile memory, and the resistor array. The control section operates just like an up/down counter. The output of this counter is decoded to turn on a single electronic switch connecting a point on the resistor array to the wiper output. The contents of the counter can be stored in nonvolatile memory and retained for future use. The resistor array is comprised of 99 individual resistors connected in series. Electronic switches at either end of the array and between each resistor provide an electrical connection to the wiper pin, R<sub>W</sub>.

The wiper acts like its mechanical equivalent and does not move beyond the first or last position. That is, the counter does not wrap around when clocked to either extreme.

The electronic switches on the device operate in a “make before break” mode when the wiper changes tap positions. If the wiper is moved several positions, multiple taps are connected to the wiper for t<sub>1W</sub> (INC to V<sub>W</sub> change). The R<sub>TOTAL</sub> value for the device can temporarily be reduced by a significant amount if the wiper is moved several positions.

When the device is powered-down, the last wiper position stored will be maintained in the nonvolatile memory. When power is restored, the contents of the memory are recalled and the wiper is set to the value last stored.

## Instructions and Programming

The  $\bar{INC}$ , U/ $\bar{D}$  and  $\bar{CS}$  inputs control the movement of the wiper along the resistor array. With  $\bar{CS}$  set LOW, the device is selected and enabled to respond to the U/ $\bar{D}$  and  $\bar{INC}$  inputs. HIGH to LOW transitions on  $\bar{INC}$  will increment or decrement (depending on the state of the U/ $\bar{D}$  input) a 7-bit counter. The output of this counter is decoded to select one of one hundred wiper positions along the resistive array.







The value of the counter is stored in nonvolatile memory whenever  $\bar{CS}$  transitions HIGH while the  $\bar{INC}$  input is also HIGH.

The system may select the X9317, move the wiper and deselect the device without having to store the latest wiper position in nonvolatile memory. After the wiper movement is performed as previously described and once the new position is reached, the system must keep  $\overline{\text{INC}}$  LOW while taking  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  HIGH. The new wiper position will be maintained until changed by the system or until a power-up/down cycle recalls the previously stored data.

This procedure allows the system to always power-up to a preset value stored in nonvolatile memory; then during system operation minor adjustments could be made. The adjustments might be based on user preference, system parameter changes due to temperature drift, etc.

The state of  $\text{U}/\overline{\text{D}}$  may be changed while  $\overline{\text{CS}}$  remains LOW. This allows the host system to enable the device and then move the wiper up and down until the proper trim is attained.

### Mode Selection

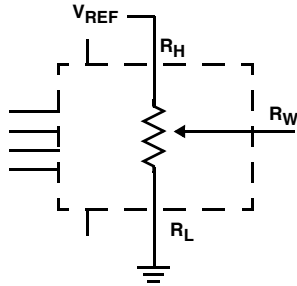
$\overline{\text{CS}}$	$\overline{\text{INC}}$	$\text{U}/\overline{\text{D}}$	MODE
L		H	Wiper up
L		L	Wiper down
	H	X	Store wiper position to nonvolatile memory
H	X	X	Standby
	L	X	No store, return to standby
	L	H	Wiper Up (not recommended)
	L	L	Wiper Down (not recommended)

### Applications Information

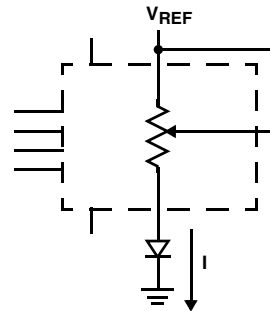
Electronic digitally controlled (XDCP) potentiometers provide three powerful application advantages:

1. the variability and reliability of a solid-state potentiometer,
2. the flexibility of computer-based digital controls, and
3. the retentivity of nonvolatile memory used for the storage of multiple potentiometer settings or data.

Basic Configurations of Electronic Potentiometers



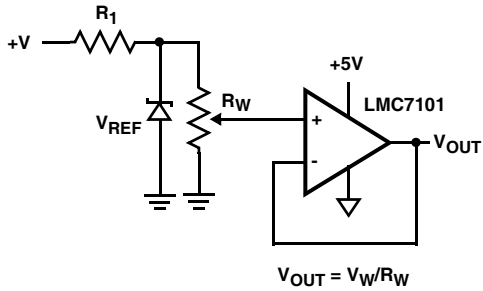
THREE TERMINAL POTENTIOMETER;  
VARIABLE VOLTAGE DIVIDER



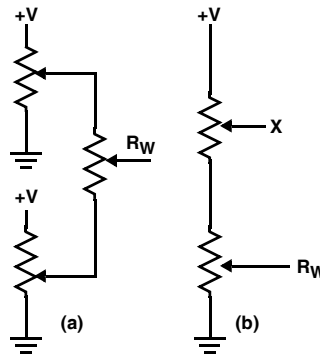
TWO TERMINAL VARIABLE RESISTOR;  
VARIABLE CURRENT

Basic Circuits

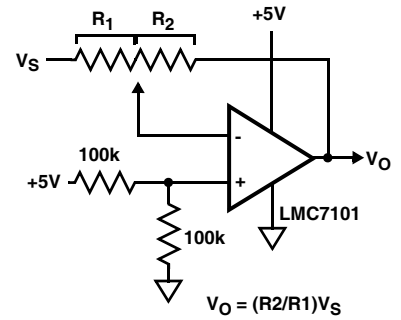
BUFFERED REFERENCE VOLTAGE



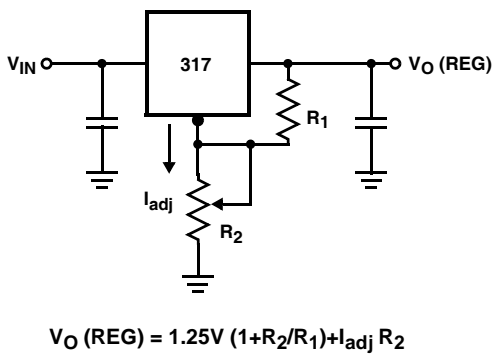
CASCADING TECHNIQUES



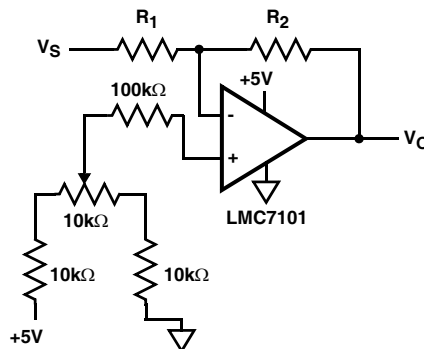
SINGLE SUPPLY INVERTING AMPLIFIER



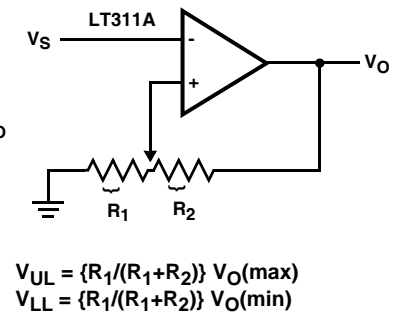
VOLTAGE REGULATOR



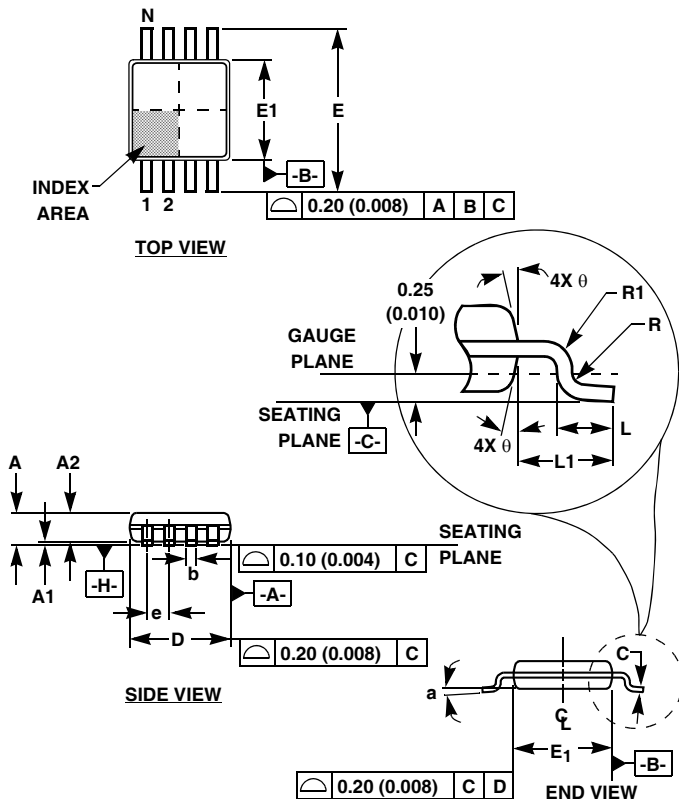
OFFSET VOLTAGE ADJUSTMENT



COMPARATOR WITH HYSTERESIS



Mini Small Outline Plastic Packages (MSOP)



M8.118 (JEDEC MO-187AA)  
8 LEAD MINI SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

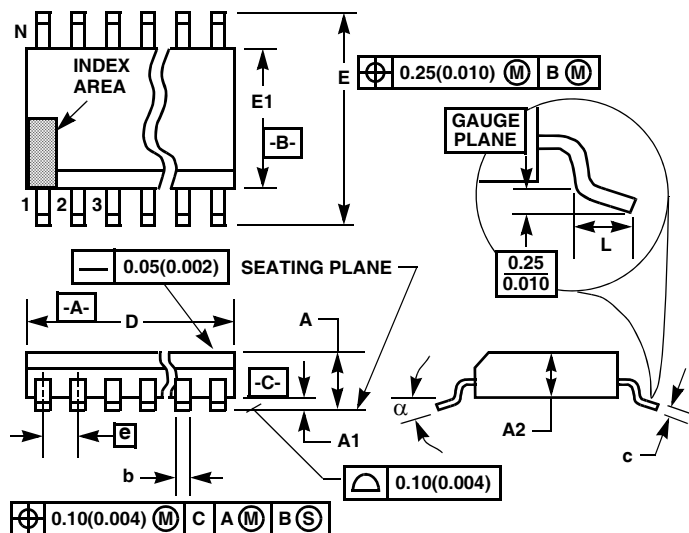
SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		NOTES
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0.037	0.043	0.94	1.10	-
A1	0.002	0.006	0.05	0.15	-
A2	0.030	0.037	0.75	0.95	-
b	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36	9
c	0.004	0.008	0.09	0.20	-
D	0.116	0.120	2.95	3.05	3
E1	0.116	0.120	2.95	3.05	4
e	0.026 BSC		0.65 BSC		-
E	0.187	0.199	4.75	5.05	-
L	0.016	0.028	0.40	0.70	6
L1	0.037 REF		0.95 REF		-
N	8		8		7
R	0.003	-	0.07	-	-
R1	0.003	-	0.07	-	-
$\theta$	5°	15°	5°	15°	-
$\alpha$	0°	6°	0°	6°	-

Rev. 2 01/03

NOTES:

1. These package dimensions are within allowable dimensions of JEDEC MO-187BA.
2. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.
3. Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs and are measured at Datum Plane. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
4. Dimension "E1" does not include interlead flash or protrusions and are measured at Datum Plane. **-H-** Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
5. Formed leads shall be planar with respect to one another within 0.10mm (0.004) at seating Plane.
6. "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
7. "N" is the number of terminal positions.
8. Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
9. Dimension "b" does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall be 0.08mm (0.003 inch) total in excess of "b" dimension at maximum material condition. Minimum space between protrusion and adjacent lead is 0.07mm (0.0027 inch).
10. Datums **-A-** and **-B-** to be determined at Datum plane **-H-**.
11. Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are for reference only.

## Thin Shrink Small Outline Plastic Packages (TSSOP)



## NOTES:

- These package dimensions are within allowable dimensions of JEDEC MO-153-AC, Issue E.
- Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1982.
- Dimension "D" does not include mold flash, protrusions or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusion and gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- Dimension "E1" does not include interlead flash or protrusions. Interlead flash and protrusions shall not exceed 0.15mm (0.006 inch) per side.
- The chamfer on the body is optional. If it is not present, a visual index feature must be located within the crosshatched area.
- "L" is the length of terminal for soldering to a substrate.
- "N" is the number of terminal positions.
- Terminal numbers are shown for reference only.
- Dimension "b" does not include dambar protrusion. Allowable dambar protrusion shall be 0.08mm (0.003 inch) total in excess of "b" dimension at maximum material condition. Minimum space between protrusion and adjacent lead is 0.07mm (0.0027 inch).
- Controlling dimension: MILLIMETER. Converted inch dimensions are not necessarily exact. (Angles in degrees)

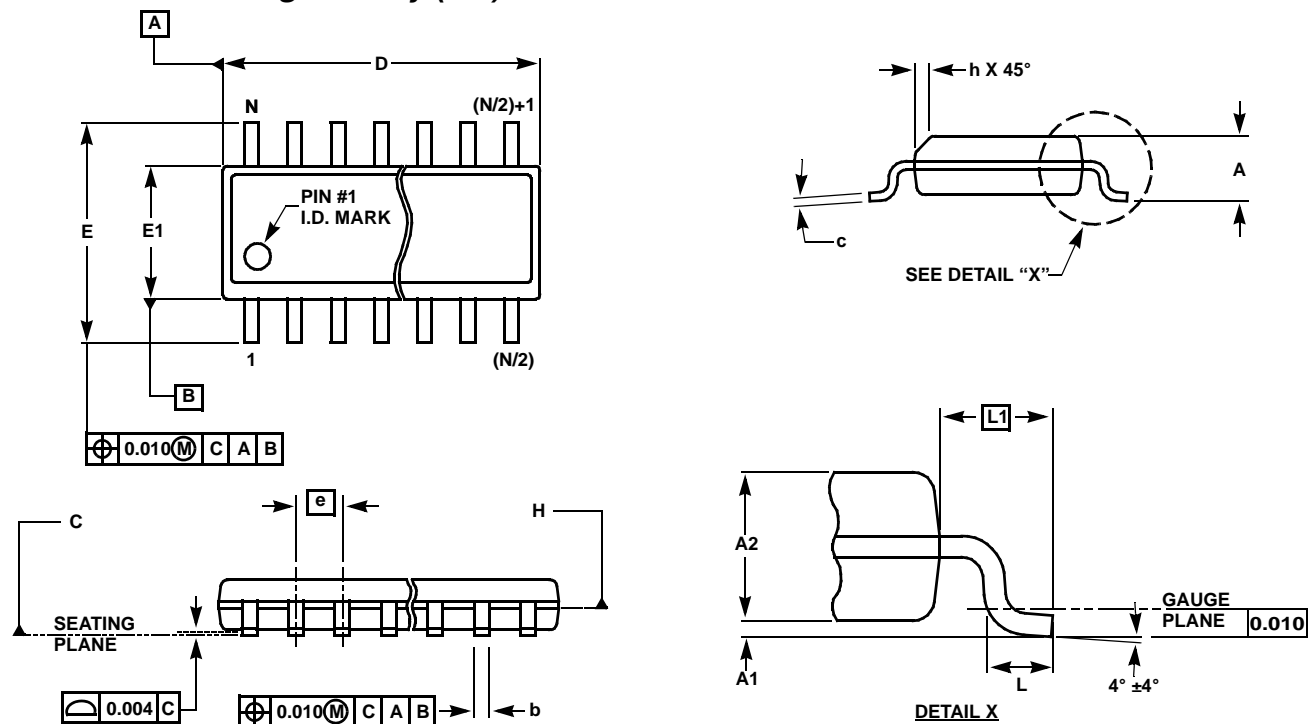
## M8.173

## 8 LEAD THIN SHRINK NARROW BODY SMALL OUTLINE PLASTIC PACKAGE

SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		NOTES
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	-	0.047	-	1.20	-
A1	0.002	0.006	0.05	0.15	-
A2	0.031	0.051	0.80	1.05	-
b	0.0075	0.0118	0.19	0.30	9
c	0.0035	0.0079	0.09	0.20	-
D	0.116	0.120	2.95	3.05	3
E1	0.169	0.177	4.30	4.50	4
e	0.026 BSC		0.65 BSC		-
E	0.246	0.256	6.25	6.50	-
L	0.0177	0.0295	0.45	0.75	6
N	8		8		7
α	0°	8°	0°	8°	-

Rev. 1 12/00

**Small Outline Package Family (SO)**



**MDP0027**

**SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE FAMILY (SO)**

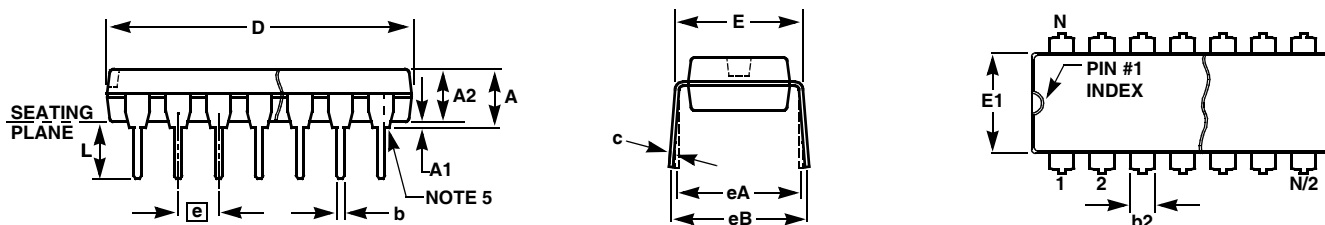
SYMBOL	INCHES							TOLERANCE	NOTES
	SO-8	SO-14	SO16 (0.150")	SO16 (0.300") (SOL-16)	SO20 (SOL-20)	SO24 (SOL-24)	SO28 (SOL-28)		
A	0.068	0.068	0.068	0.104	0.104	0.104	0.104	MAX	-
A1	0.006	0.006	0.006	0.007	0.007	0.007	0.007	±0.003	-
A2	0.057	0.057	0.057	0.092	0.092	0.092	0.092	±0.002	-
b	0.017	0.017	0.017	0.017	0.017	0.017	0.017	±0.003	-
c	0.009	0.009	0.009	0.011	0.011	0.011	0.011	±0.001	-
D	0.193	0.341	0.390	0.406	0.504	0.606	0.704	±0.004	1, 3
E	0.236	0.236	0.236	0.406	0.406	0.406	0.406	±0.008	-
E1	0.154	0.154	0.154	0.295	0.295	0.295	0.295	±0.004	2, 3
e	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	0.050	Basic	-
L	0.025	0.025	0.025	0.030	0.030	0.030	0.030	±0.009	-
L1	0.041	0.041	0.041	0.056	0.056	0.056	0.056	Basic	-
h	0.013	0.013	0.013	0.020	0.020	0.020	0.020	Reference	-
N	8	14	16	16	20	24	28	Reference	-

Rev. M 2/07

**NOTES:**

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.006" maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.010" maximum per side are not included.
3. Dimensions "D" and "E1" are measured at Datum Plane "H".
4. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994

## Plastic Dual-In-Line Packages (PDIP)



### MDP0031

#### PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE

SYMBOL	INCHES					TOLERANCE	NOTES
	PDIP8	PDIP14	PDIP16	PDIP18	PDIP20		
A	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210	0.210	MAX	
A1	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	0.015	MIN	
A2	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	0.130	$\pm 0.005$	
b	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	0.018	$\pm 0.002$	
b2	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	0.060	$+0.010/-0.015$	
c	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	0.010	$+0.004/-0.002$	
D	0.375	0.750	0.750	0.890	1.020	$\pm 0.010$	1
E	0.310	0.310	0.310	0.310	0.310	$+0.015/-0.010$	
E1	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	0.250	$\pm 0.005$	2
e	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	0.100	Basic	
eA	0.300	0.300	0.300	0.300	0.300	Basic	
eB	0.345	0.345	0.345	0.345	0.345	$\pm 0.025$	
L	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.125	0.125	$\pm 0.010$	
N	8	14	16	18	20	Reference	

Rev. C 2/07

#### NOTES:

1. Plastic or metal protrusions of 0.010" maximum per side are not included.
2. Plastic interlead protrusions of 0.010" maximum per side are not included.
3. Dimensions E and eA are measured with the leads constrained perpendicular to the seating plane.
4. Dimension eB is measured with the lead tips unconstrained.
5. 8 and 16 lead packages have half end-leads as shown.

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Intersil Corporation's quality certifications can be viewed at [www.intersil.com/design/quality](http://www.intersil.com/design/quality)

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