

<b>SANYO</b>	No. 4528A	<b>LB1643</b>
	<b>Forward/Reverse Motor Driver with Brake</b>	

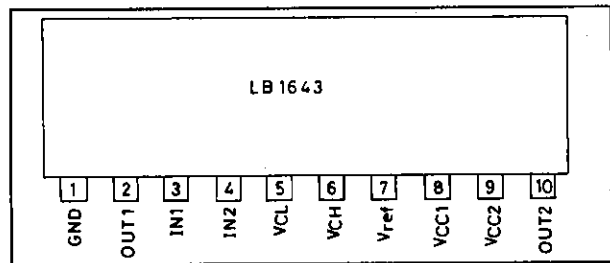
### OVERVIEW

The LB1643 is a forward/reverse motor driver IC. The direction and brake functions are controlled from a single input, and the output voltages can be set by resistors. Further, the output voltage has 3 modes, full, HIGH-level and LOW-level voltage modes. The output voltage can be controlled from a single input and a microcontroller interface.

### FEATURES

- Single-input forward, reverse and brake functions
- Output voltage can be set using resistors
- Single-input full-drive, HIGH-level drive and LOW-level drive select function
- Microcontroller interface
- Built-in surge-current absorption components
- Built-in reference voltage circuit
- Built-in thermal protection circuit

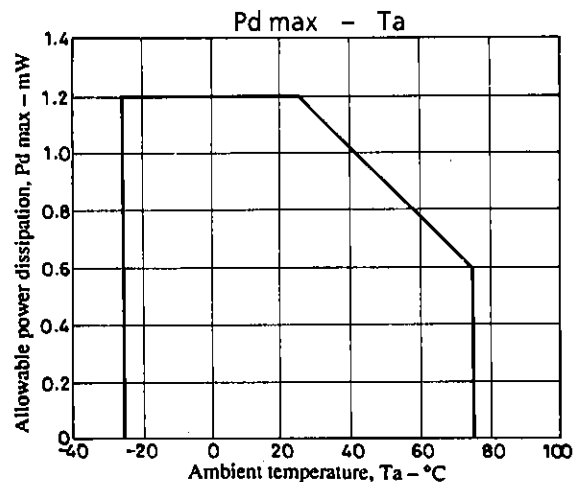
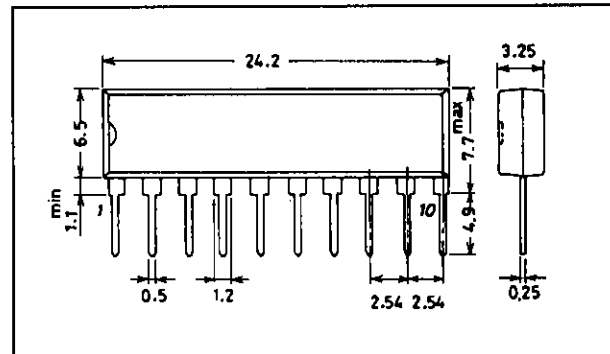
### PIN ASSIGNMENT



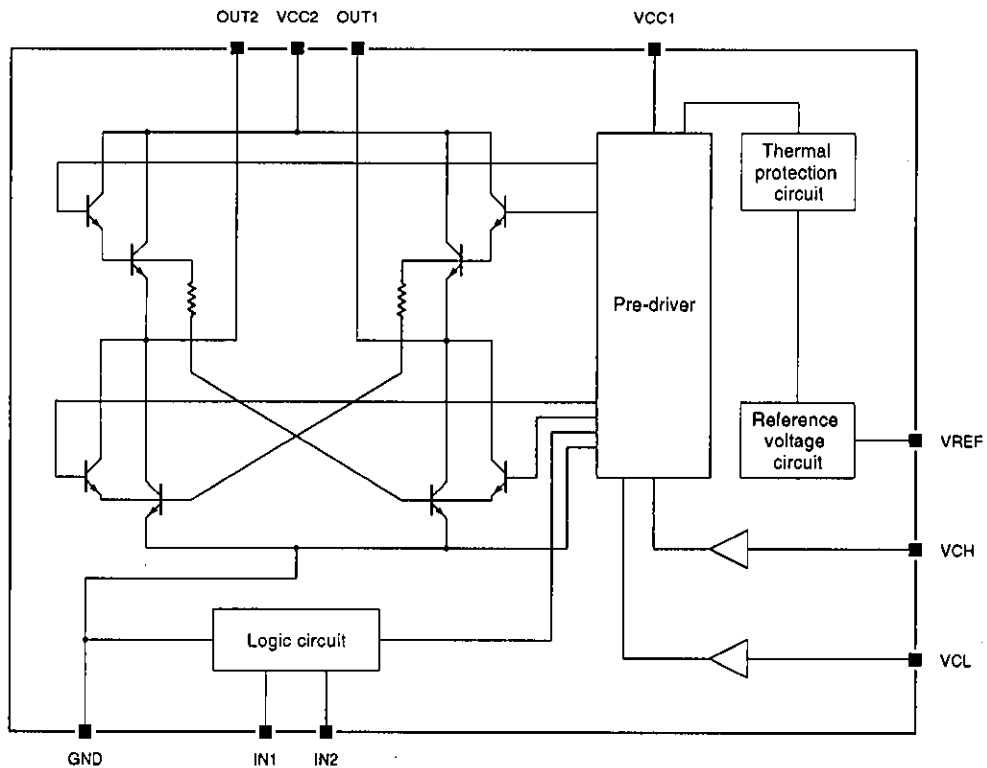
### PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Unit: mm

#### 3043A



**BLOCK DIAGRAM**



**PIN DESCRIPTION**

Number	Name	Equivalent circuit	Description
1	GND		Power and signal ground
3	IN1		Output voltage control input terminal $V_M \cong 2.5 \text{ V}$ when input is open.
4	IN2		Forward, reverse and brake control input terminal $V_M \cong 2.5 \text{ V}$ when input is open.
5	VCL		Output voltage set terminal

Unit (resistance:  $\Omega$ )

# LB1643

Number	Name	Equivalent circuit	Description
6	V <sub>CH</sub>		Output voltage set terminal
7	V <sub>ref</sub>		Reference voltage output. V <sub>ref</sub> = 6.35 V
8	VCC1		Signal voltage supply
9	VCC2		Power voltage supply
2	OUT1		Motor coil connection terminals
10	OUT2		

Unit (resistance:  $\Omega$ )

## SPECIFICATIONS

### Absolute Maximum Ratings

T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>CC max</sub>		18	V
Input voltage range	V <sub>IN</sub>	V <sub>CC</sub> > V <sub>IN</sub>	-0.3 to +6	V
Output current	I <sub>OUT</sub>		±1.6	A
Power dissipation	P <sub>d max</sub>		1.2	W
Operating temperature range	T <sub>opr</sub>		-25 to +75	°C
Storage temperature range	T <sub>stg</sub>		-55 to +125	°C

### Recommended Operating Conditions

T<sub>a</sub> = 25 °C

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage ranges	V <sub>CC1</sub>		8.0 to 18	V
	V <sub>CC2</sub>	V <sub>CC1</sub> ≥ V <sub>CC2</sub>	5 to 18	V
Forward-reverse direction prohibit time	t <sub>off</sub>		≥ 20	μs

## Electrical Characteristics

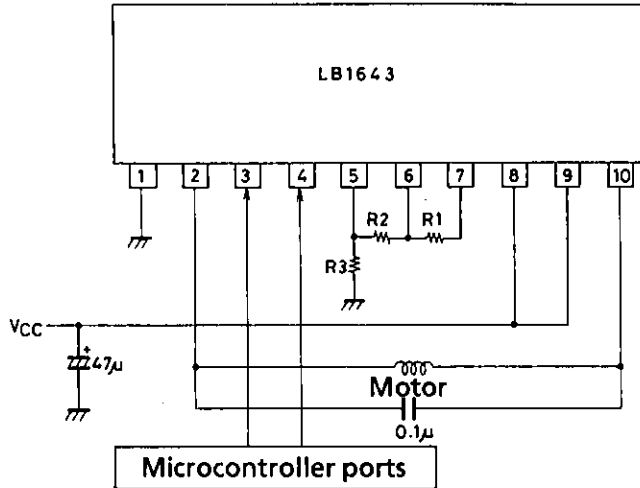
 $T_A = 25\text{ }^\circ\text{C}$ ,  $V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ 

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Rating			Unit
			min	typ	max	
LOW-level input voltage	$V_{INL}$		0	–	1.0	V
HIGH-level input voltage	$V_{INH}$		4.2	–	6.0	V
MID-level input voltage	$V_{INM}$		2.0	–	3.0	V
Input impedance	$Z_{IN}$		–	75	–	k $\Omega$
Current consumption	$I_{CC}$		–	5.5	10	mA
Output voltages	$V_{OUT1}$	$R_L = 60\ \Omega$ , $V_{CH} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{IN1} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{IN2} = 0\text{ V}$	4.4	4.95	5.4	V
	$V_{OUT2}$	$R_L = 60\ \Omega$ , $V_{CH} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{IN1} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{IN2} = 5.0\text{ V}$	4.4	4.95	5.4	V
Output leakage current	$I_{OL}$	$R_L = \infty$	–	0.01	1.0	mA
Saturation voltages (upper)	$V_{sat11}$	$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$	–	1.9	2.2	V
	$V_{sat12}$	$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 500\text{ mA}$	–	1.9	2.3	V
Saturation voltages (lower)	$V_{sat21}$	$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 300\text{ mA}$	–	0.25	0.5	V
	$V_{sat22}$	$V_{CC} = 12\text{ V}$ , $I_{OUT} = 500\text{ mA}$	–	0.4	0.65	V
Reference voltage	$V_{ref}$		6.0	6.35	6.8	V
Reference voltage load characteristics	$\frac{\Delta V_{ref}}{\Delta I_{ref}}$	$I_{ref} = -2.0\text{ to }0\text{ mA}$	–	0.05	0.1	V/mA
Control to output gain	$\frac{V_{OUT}/V_{CH}}{V_{OUT}/V_{CL}}$	$V_{CH} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $V_{CL} = 2.5\text{ V}$ , $R_L = 60\ \Omega$	1.5	1.90	2.4	–
Thermal shutdown temperature	$T_{TSD}$	See note.	150	180	–	$^\circ\text{C}$

## Note

Design value only (not measured).

**TYPICAL APPLICATION**



Unit (Capacitance : F)

**Notes**

1. Use a microcontroller with CMOS output ports for HIGH-level, LOW-level and open-circuit conditions.
2. It is recommended that R1, R2 and R3 total approximately 60 kΩ.
3. The input voltage for IN1 and IN2 should be 0 to 6 V to ensure the output voltage does not cause incorrect operation. Furthermore, IN1 and IN2 voltages should not be applied if the V<sub>CC</sub> supply is not applied.
4. To avoid occurrences where both the upper and lower transistors are ON simultaneously, make sure IN1 or IN2 is open for a period of tens of ms before switching control to the opposite device.
5. Connect a 20 µF or larger capacitor between V<sub>CC</sub> and GND.
6. A large current of several hundred mA flows in the motor circuits when the motor is being driven. Accordingly, the output current line and the input circuit should be wired so that they do not have a common impedance.

**LOGIC TABLE**

Input		Output voltage		Operation
IN1	IN2	OUT1	OUT2	
HIGH	HIGH	LOW	FULL	Forward (reverse)
MID	HIGH	LOW	2V <sub>CH</sub>	
LOW	HIGH	LOW	2V <sub>CL</sub>	
HIGH	MID	OFF	OFF	Brake
MID	MID	OFF	OFF	
LOW	MID	OFF	OFF	
HIGH	LOW	FULL	LOW	Reverse (forward)
MID	LOW	2V <sub>CH</sub>	LOW	
LOW	LOW	2V <sub>CL</sub>	LOW	

Input levels are

- V<sub>H</sub> ≥ 4.2 V
- V<sub>M</sub> = 2.0 to 3.0 V
- V<sub>L</sub> ≤ 1.0 V

When IN1 and IN2 are open, they take on a voltage of 2.5 V.

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