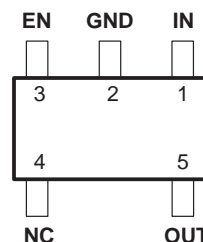


TPS76130, TPS76132, TPS76133, TPS76138, TPS76150 LOW-POWER 100-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

SLVS178A – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

- 100-mA Low-Dropout Regulator
- Fixed Output Voltage Options: 5 V, 3.8 V, 3.3 V, 3.2 V, and 3 V
- Dropout Typically 170 mV at 100-mA
- Thermal Protection
- Less Than 1 μ A Quiescent Current in Shutdown
- -40°C to 125°C Operating Junction Temperature Range
- 5-Pin SOT-23 (DBV) Package
- ESD Protection Verified to 1.5 KV Human Body Model (HBM) per MIL-STD-883C

DBV PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection

description

The TPS761xx is a 100 mA, low dropout (LDO) voltage regulator designed specifically for battery-powered applications. A proprietary BiCMOS fabrication process allows the TPS761xx to provide outstanding performance in all specifications critical to battery-powered operation.

The TPS761xx is available in a space-saving SOT-23 (DBV) package and operates over a junction temperature range of -40°C to 125°C .

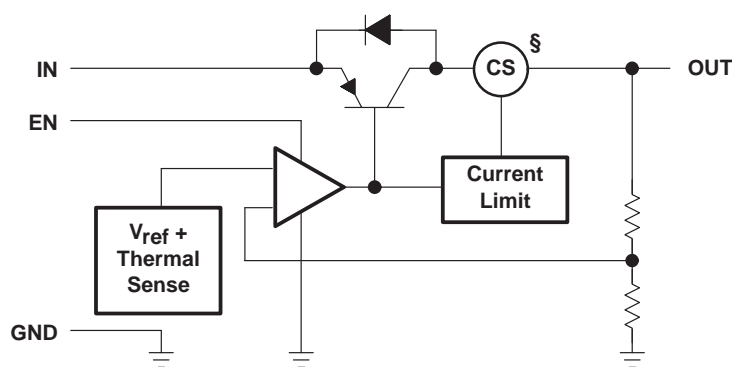
AVAILABLE OPTIONS

T _J	VOLTAGE	PACKAGE	PART NUMBER		SYMBOL
-40°C to 125°C	3 V	SOT-23 (DBV)	TPS76130DBVR†	TPS76130DBVT‡	PAEI
	3.2 V		TPS76132DBVR†	TPS76132DBVT‡	PAFI
	3.3 V		TPS76133DBVR†	TPS76133DBVT‡	PAII
	3.8 V		TPS76138DBVR†	TPS76138DBVT‡	PAKI
	5 V		TPS76150DBVR†	TPS76150DBVT‡	PALI

† The DBVR passive indicates tape and reel of 3000 parts.

‡ The DBVT passive indicates tape and reel of 250 parts.

functional block diagram



§ Current sense



Please be aware that an important notice concerning availability, standard warranty, and use in critical applications of Texas Instruments semiconductor products and disclaimers thereto appears at the end of this data sheet.

PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.

**TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

Copyright © 1999, Texas Instruments Incorporated

TPS76130, TPS76132, TPS76133, TPS76138, TPS76150

LOW-POWER 100-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

SLVS178A – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

Terminal Functions

TERMINAL NAME	NO.	I/O	DESCRIPTION
EN	3	I	Enable input
GND	2		Ground
IN	1	I	Input voltage
NC	4		No connection
OUT	5	O	Regulated output voltage

absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Input voltage range, V_I (see Note 1)	–0.3 V to 16 V
Voltage range at EN	–0.3 V to $V_I + 0.3$ V
Peak output current	internally limited
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating junction temperature range, T_J	–40°C to 150°C
Storage temperature range, T_{stg}	–65°C to 150°C
ESD rating, HBM	1.5 kV

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTE 1: All voltages are with respect to device GND pin.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

	PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
Recommended	DBV	350 mW	3.5 mW/°C	192 mW	140 mW
Maximum	DBV	437 mW	3.5 mW/°C	280 mW	227 mW

recommended operating conditions

		MIN	NOM	MAX	UNIT
Input voltage, V_I	TPS76130	3.35		16	V
	TPS76132	3.58		16	
	TPS76133	3.68		16	
	TPS76138	4.18		16	
	TPS76150	5.38		16	
Continuous output current, I_O		0		100	mA
Operating junction temperature, T_J		–40		125	°C



TPS76130, TPS76132, TPS76133, TPS76138, TPS76150 LOW-POWER 100-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

SLVS178A – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

**electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,
 $V_I = V_O(\text{typ}) + 1 \text{ V}$, $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$, $EN = V_I$, $C_O = 4.7 \mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted)**

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
V_O	Output voltage	TPS76130	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	2.96	3	3.04	V
		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $1 \text{ mA} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$	2.9		3.04		
		$1 \text{ mA} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$	2.89		3.07		
	Output voltage	TPS76132	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3.16	3.2	3.24	V
		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $1 \text{ mA} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$	3.11		3.24		
		$1 \text{ mA} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$	3.08		3.3		
	Output voltage	TPS76133	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3.26	3.3	3.34	V
		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $1 \text{ mA} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$	3.21		3.34		
		$1 \text{ mA} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$	3.18		3.4		
	Output voltage	TPS76138	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	3.76	3.8	3.84	V
		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $1 \text{ mA} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$	3.71		3.84		
		$1 \text{ mA} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$	3.68		3.9		
	Output voltage	TPS76150	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	4.95	5	5.05	V
		$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $1 \text{ mA} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$	4.88		5.05		
		$1 \text{ mA} < I_O < 100 \text{ mA}$	4.86		5.1		
$I_I(\text{standby})$	Standby current	$EN = 0 \text{ V}$			1	μA	
Quiescent current (GND current)		$I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		90	115	μA	
		$I_O = 0 \text{ mA}$			130		
		$I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		100	130		
		$I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$			170		
		$I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		190	220		
		$I_O = 10 \text{ mA}$			260		
		$I_O = 50 \text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		850	1100		
		$I_O = 50 \text{ mA}$			1200		
		$I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		2600	3600		
		$I_O = 100 \text{ mA}$			4000		
Input regulation	TPS76130	$4 \text{ V} < V_I < 16$, $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$		3	10	mV	
	TPS76132	$4.2 \text{ V} < V_I < 16$, $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$		3	10		
	TPS76133	$4.3 \text{ V} < V_I < 16$, $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$		3	10		
	TPS76138	$4.8 \text{ V} < V_I < 16$, $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$		3	10		
	TPS76150	$6 \text{ V} < V_I < 16$, $I_O = 1 \text{ mA}$		3	10		
V_N	Output noise voltage	$BW = 300 \text{ Hz to } 50 \text{ kHz}$ $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		190		μVrms	
	Ripple rejection	$f = 1 \text{ kHz}$, $C_O = 10 \mu\text{F}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		63		dB	

TPS76130, TPS76132, TPS76133, TPS76138, TPS76150
LOW-POWER 100-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

SLVS178A – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

**electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range,
 $V_I = V_{O(typ)} + 1\text{ V}$, $I_O = 1\text{ mA}$, $EN = V_I$, $C_O = 4.7\text{ }\mu\text{F}$ (unless otherwise noted) (continued)**

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Dropout voltage	$I_O = 0\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		1	3	mV
	$I_O = 0\text{ mA}$			5	
	$I_O = 1\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		7	10	
	$I_O = 1\text{ mA}$			15	
	$I_O = 10\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		40	60	
	$I_O = 10\text{ mA}$			90	
	$I_O = 50\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		120	150	
	$I_O = 50\text{ mA}$			180	
	$I_O = 100\text{ mA}$, $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$		170	240	
	$I_O = 100\text{ mA}$			280	
Peak output current/current limit	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	100	150		mA
High level enable input		2			V
Low level enable input				0.8	V
I_I Input current (EN)	$EN = 0\text{ V}$	-1	0	1	μA
	$EN = V_I$		2.5	5	

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
V_O	Output voltage	vs Output current	1, 2, 3
		vs Free-air temperature	4, 5, 6
	Ground current	vs Free-air temperature	7, 8, 9
	Output noise	vs Frequency	10
Z_O	Output impedance	vs Frequency	11
V_{DO}	Dropout voltage	vs Free-air temperature	12
	Line transient response		13, 15
	Load transient response		14, 16



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TPS76130
 OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 vs
 OUTPUT CURRENT

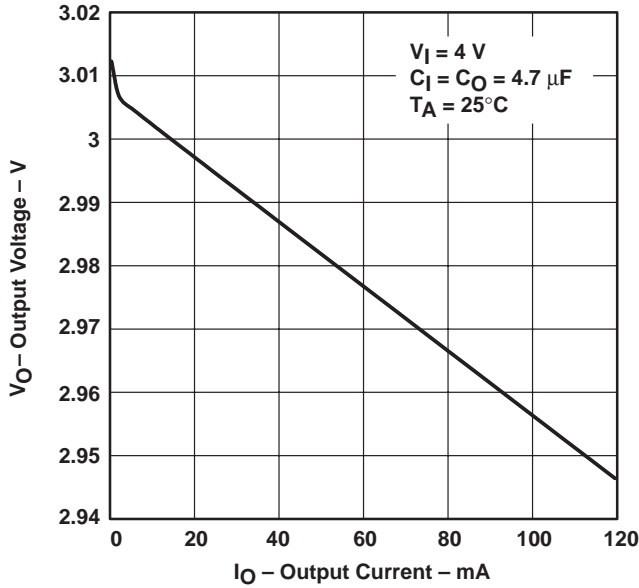


Figure 1

TPS76133
 OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 vs
 OUTPUT CURRENT

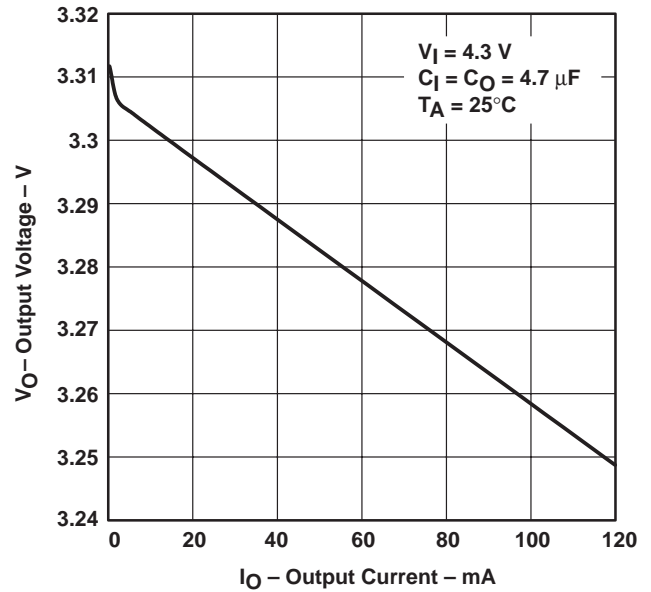


Figure 2

TPS76150
 OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 vs
 OUTPUT CURRENT

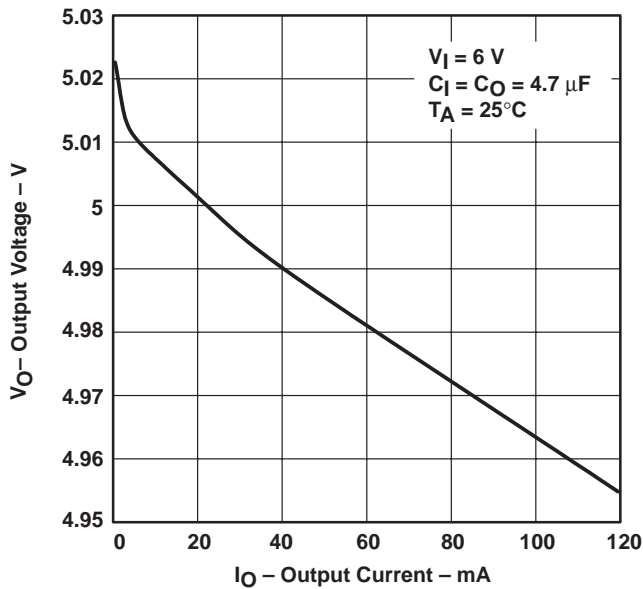


Figure 3

TPS76130
 OUTPUT VOLTAGE
 vs
 FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

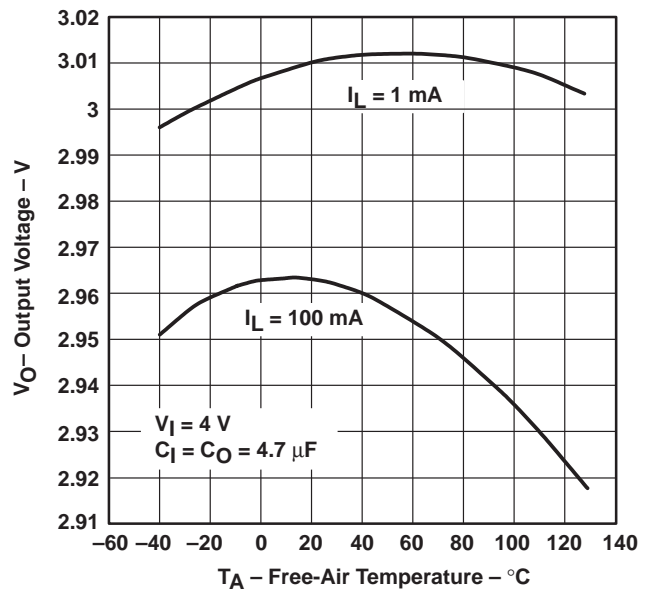


Figure 4

TPS76130, TPS76132, TPS76133, TPS76138, TPS76150 LOW-POWER 100-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

SLVS178A – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TPS76133
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

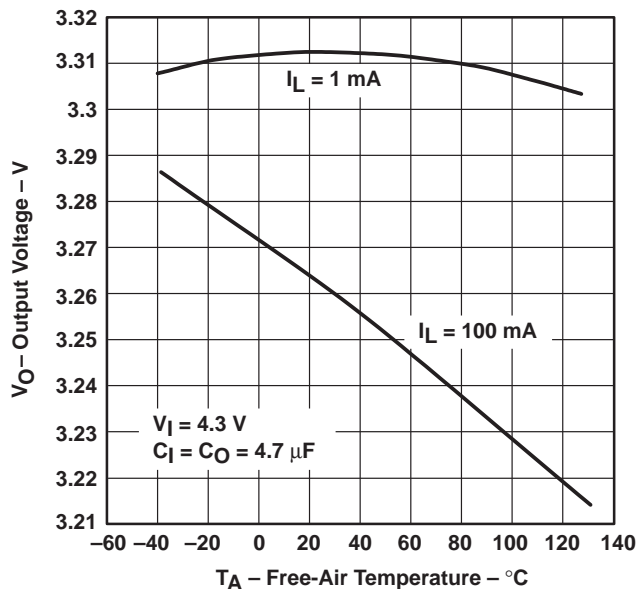


Figure 5

TPS76150
OUTPUT VOLTAGE
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

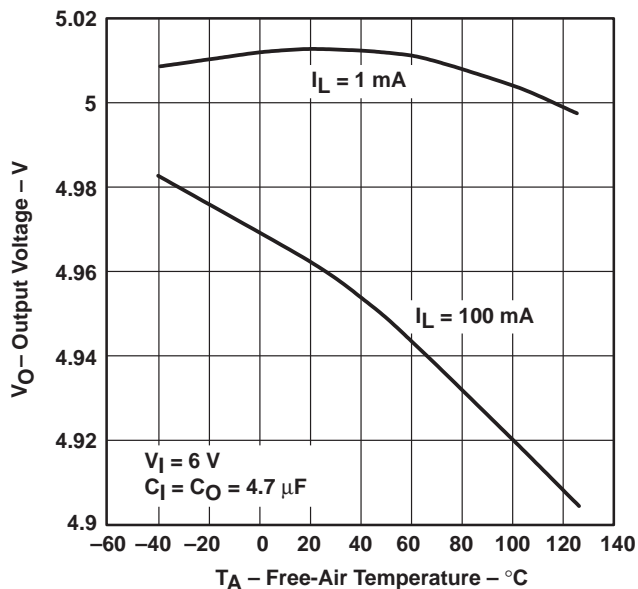


Figure 6

TPS76130
GROUND CURRENT
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

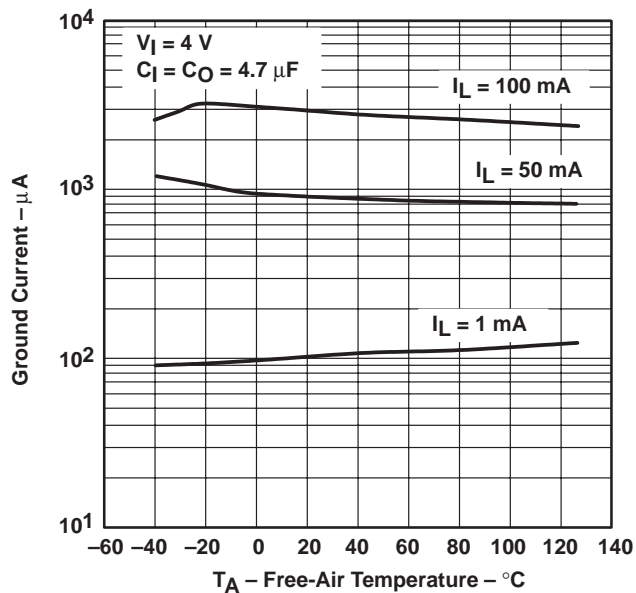


Figure 7

TPS76133
GROUND CURRENT
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

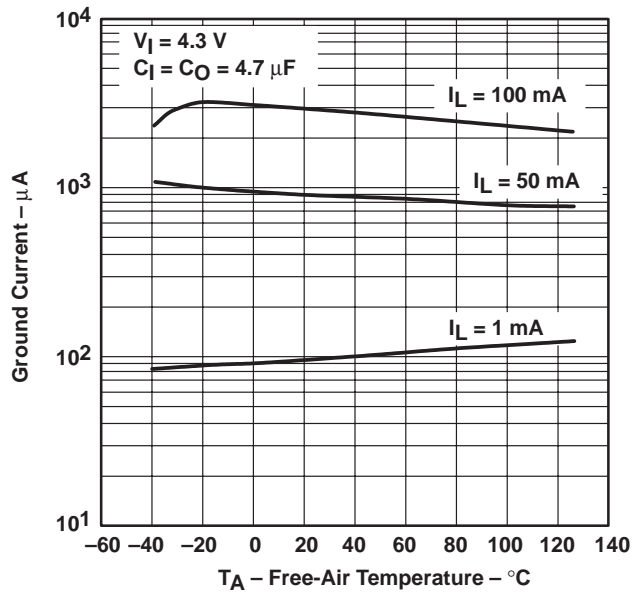


Figure 8



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

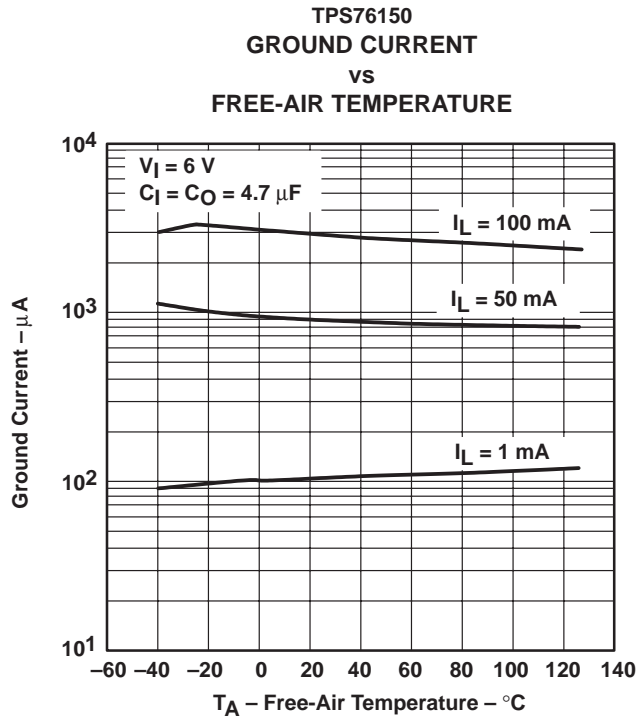


Figure 9

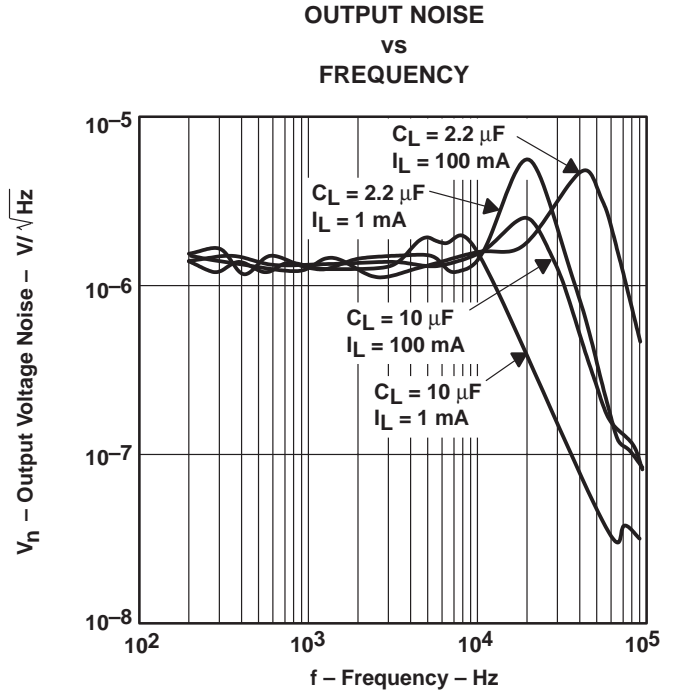


Figure 10

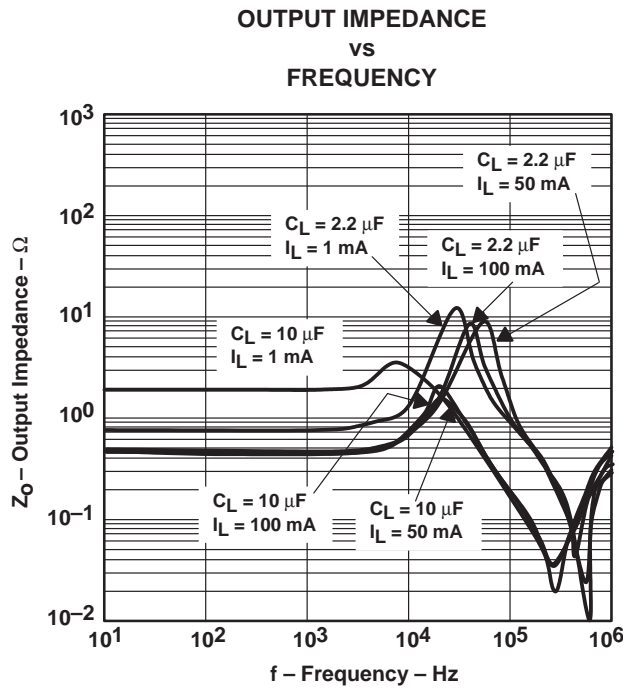


Figure 11

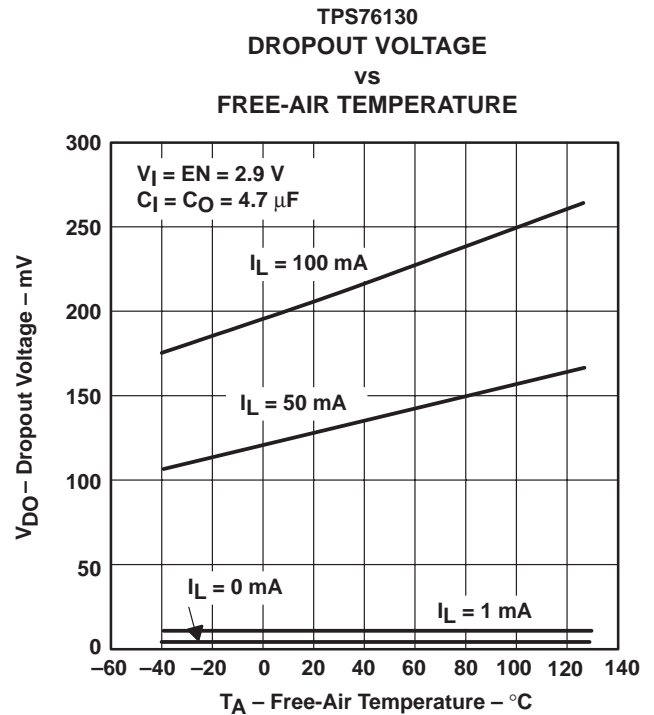


Figure 12

TPS76130, TPS76132, TPS76133, TPS76138, TPS76150

LOW-POWER 100-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

SLVS178A – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

TPS76130
LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

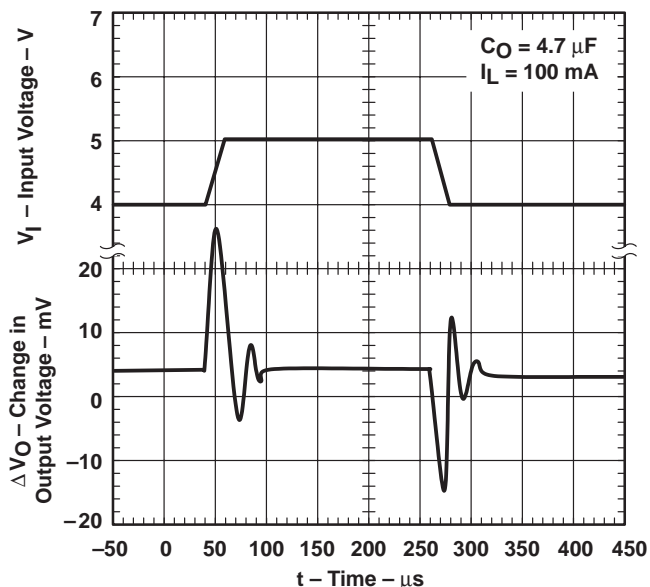


Figure 13

TPS76130
LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

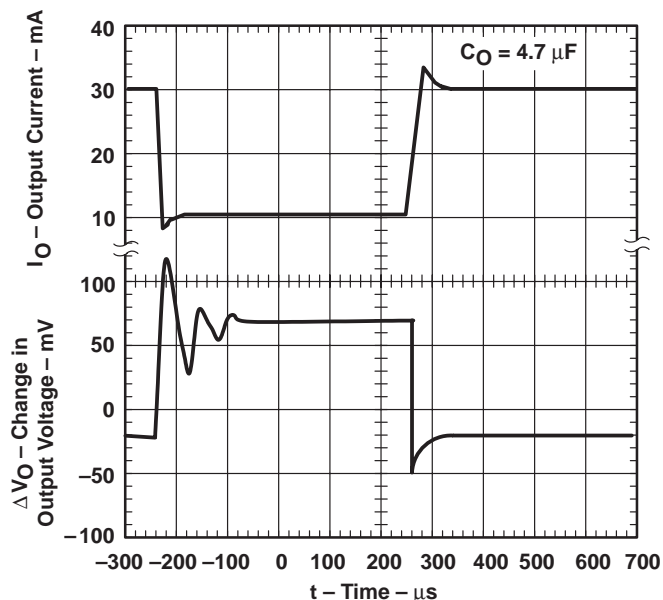


Figure 14

TPS76150
LINE TRANSIENT RESPONSE

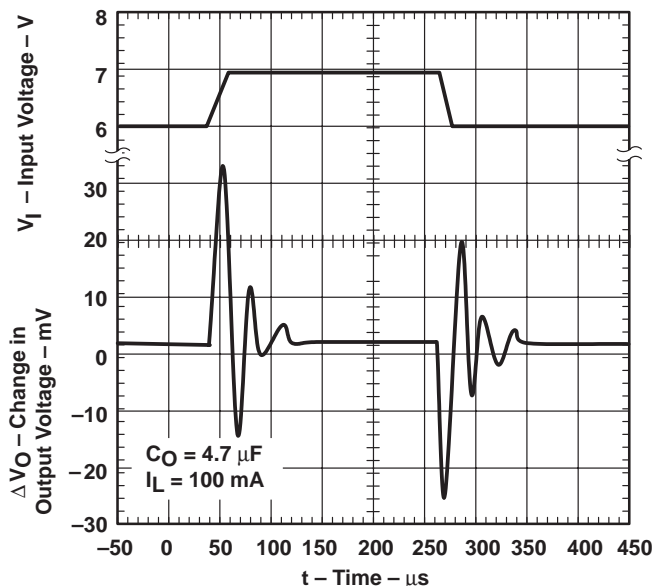


Figure 15

TPS76150
LOAD TRANSIENT RESPONSE

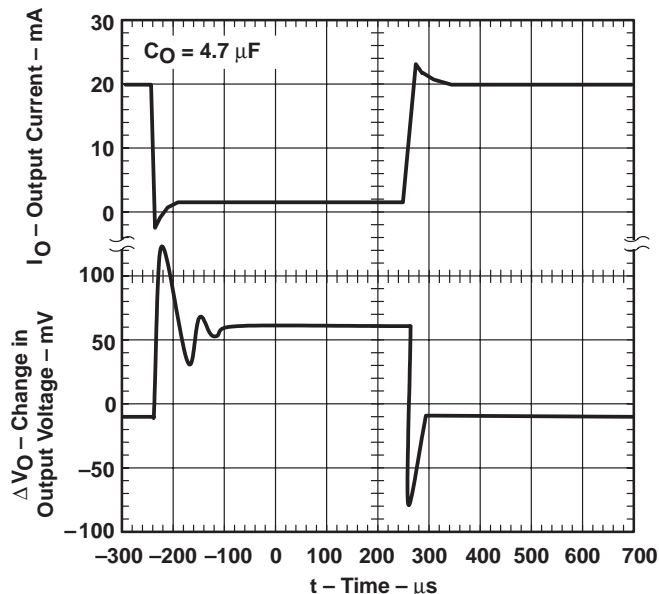


Figure 16

APPLICATION INFORMATION

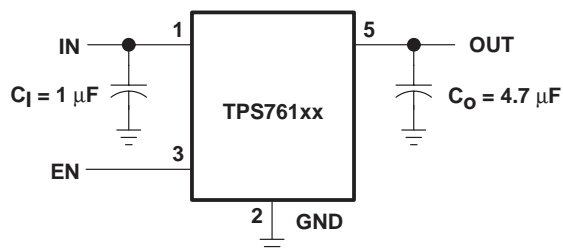


Figure 17. TPS761xx Typical Application

over current protection

The over current protection circuit forces the TPS761xx into a constant current output mode when the load is excessive or the output is shorted to ground. Normal operation resumes when the fault condition is removed.

NOTE:

An overload or short circuit may also activate the over temperature protection if the fault condition persists.

over temperature protection

The thermal protection system shuts the TPS761xx down when the junction temperature exceeds 160°C. The device recovers and operates normally when the temperature drops below 150°C.

input capacitor

A 1- μ F or larger ceramic decoupling capacitor with short leads connected between IN and GND is recommended. The decoupling capacitor may be omitted if there is a 1 μ F or larger electrolytic capacitor connected between IN and GND and located reasonably close to the TPS761xx. However, the small ceramic device is desirable even when the larger capacitor is present, if there is a lot of high frequency noise present in the system.

output capacitor

Like all low dropout regulators, the TPS761xx requires an output capacitor connected between OUT and GND to stabilize the internal control loop. The minimum recommended capacitance value is 4.7 μ F and the ESR (equivalent series resistance) must be between 0.1 Ω and 10 Ω . Solid tantalum electrolytic, aluminum electrolytic, and multilayer ceramic capacitors are all suitable, provided they meet the requirements described above. Most of the commercially available 4.7- μ F surface-mount solid-tantalum capacitors, including devices from Sprague, Kemet, and Nichicon, meet the ESR requirements stated above. Multilayer ceramic capacitors should have minimum values of 4.7 μ F over the full operating temperature range of the equipment.

enable (EN)

A logic zero on the enable input shuts the TPS761xx off and reduces the supply current to less than 1 μ A. Pulling the enable input high causes normal operation to resume. If the enable feature is not used, EN should be connected to IN to keep the regulator on all of the time. The EN input must not be left floating.

reverse current path

The power transistor used in the TPS761xx has an inherent diode connected between IN and OUT as shown in the functional block diagram. This diode conducts current from the OUT terminal to the IN terminal whenever IN is lower than OUT by a diode drop. This condition does not damage the TPS761xx provided the current is limited to 150 mA.

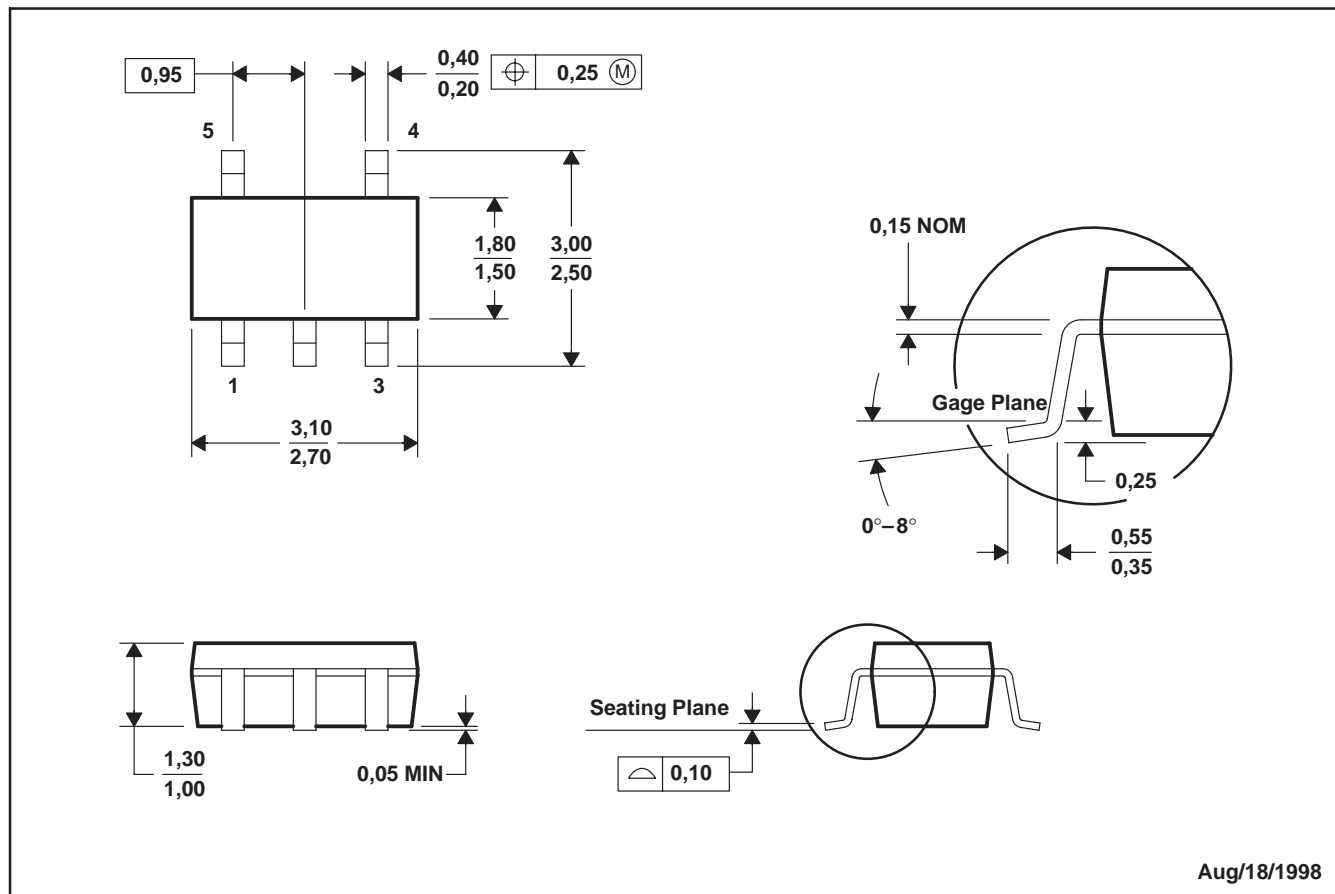
TPS76130, TPS76132, TPS76133, TPS76138, TPS76150
 LOW-POWER 100-mA LOW-DROPOUT LINEAR REGULATORS

SLVS178A – DECEMBER 1998 – REVISED FEBRUARY 1999

MECHANICAL DATA

DBV (R-PDSO-G5)

PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



Aug/18/1998

- NOTES: A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 C. Body dimensions include mold flash or protrusion.

IMPORTANT NOTICE

Texas Instruments and its subsidiaries (TI) reserve the right to make changes to their products or to discontinue any product or service without notice, and advise customers to obtain the latest version of relevant information to verify, before placing orders, that information being relied on is current and complete. All products are sold subject to the terms and conditions of sale supplied at the time of order acknowledgement, including those pertaining to warranty, patent infringement, and limitation of liability.

TI warrants performance of its semiconductor products to the specifications applicable at the time of sale in accordance with TI's standard warranty. Testing and other quality control techniques are utilized to the extent TI deems necessary to support this warranty. Specific testing of all parameters of each device is not necessarily performed, except those mandated by government requirements.

CERTAIN APPLICATIONS USING SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS MAY INVOLVE POTENTIAL RISKS OF DEATH, PERSONAL INJURY, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE ("CRITICAL APPLICATIONS"). TI SEMICONDUCTOR PRODUCTS ARE NOT DESIGNED, AUTHORIZED, OR WARRANTED TO BE SUITABLE FOR USE IN LIFE-SUPPORT DEVICES OR SYSTEMS OR OTHER CRITICAL APPLICATIONS. INCLUSION OF TI PRODUCTS IN SUCH APPLICATIONS IS UNDERSTOOD TO BE FULLY AT THE CUSTOMER'S RISK.

In order to minimize risks associated with the customer's applications, adequate design and operating safeguards must be provided by the customer to minimize inherent or procedural hazards.

TI assumes no liability for applications assistance or customer product design. TI does not warrant or represent that any license, either express or implied, is granted under any patent right, copyright, mask work right, or other intellectual property right of TI covering or relating to any combination, machine, or process in which such semiconductor products or services might be or are used. TI's publication of information regarding any third party's products or services does not constitute TI's approval, warranty or endorsement thereof.