

MMSD914T1

Preferred Device

Switching Diode

The switching diode has the following features:

- SOD-123 Surface Mount Package
- High Breakdown Voltage
- Fast Speed Switching Time



ON Semiconductor™

<http://onsemi.com>



MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Continuous Reverse Voltage	V_R	100	Vdc
Peak Forward Current	I_F	200	mAdc
Peak Forward Surge Current	$I_{FM}(\text{surge})$	500	mAdc

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Total Device Dissipation FR-5 Board (1) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	225	mW
		1.8	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	556	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Total Device Dissipation Alumina Substrate (2) $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	300	mW
		2.4	mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Thermal Resistance Junction to Ambient	$R_{\theta JA}$	417	$^\circ\text{C}/\text{W}$
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-55 to +150	$^\circ\text{C}$



PLASTIC
SOD-123
CASE 425

DEVICE MARKING



ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping
MMSD914T1	SOD-123	3000 / Tape & Reel

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
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OFF CHARACTERISTICS

Reverse Breakdown Voltage ($I_{BR} = 100 \mu\text{Adc}$)	$V_{(BR)}$	100	—	Vdc
Reverse Voltage Leakage Current ($V_R = 20 \text{Vdc}$) ($V_R = 75 \text{Vdc}$)	I_R	— —	25 5.0	nAdc μAdc
Forward Voltage ($I_F = 10 \text{mAdc}$)	V_F	—	1000	mVdc
Diode Capacitance ($V_R = 0 \text{Vdc}$, $f = 1.0 \text{MHz}$)	C_D	—	4.0	pF
Reverse Recovery Time ($I_F = I_R = 10 \text{mAdc}$) (Figure 1)	t_{rr}	—	4.0	ns

1. FR-5 = 1.0 x 0.75 x 0.062 in.

2. Alumina = 0.4 x 0.3 x 0.024 in. 99.5% alumina

Preferred devices are recommended choices for future use and best overall value.

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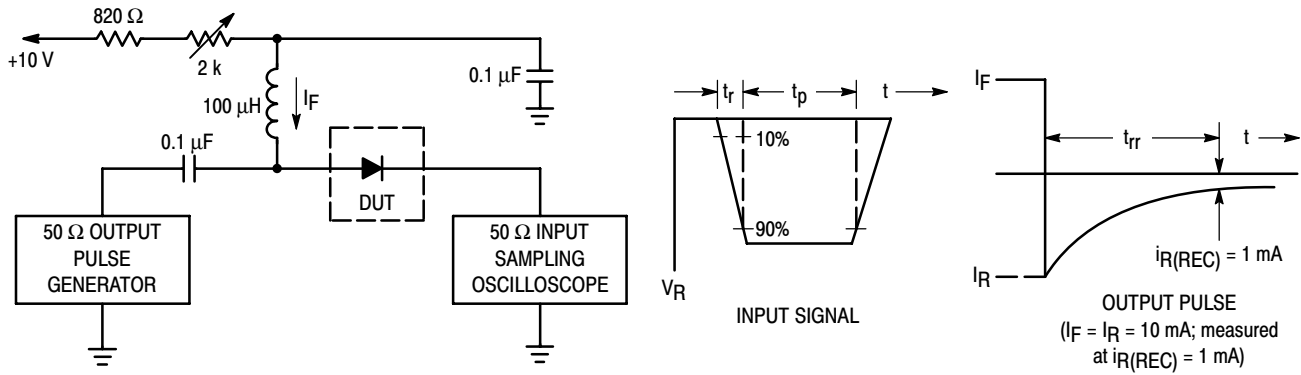


Figure 1. Recovery Time Equivalent Test Circuit

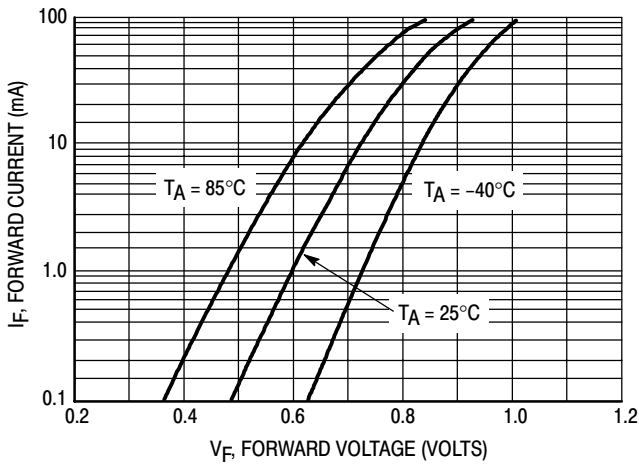


Figure 2. Forward Voltage

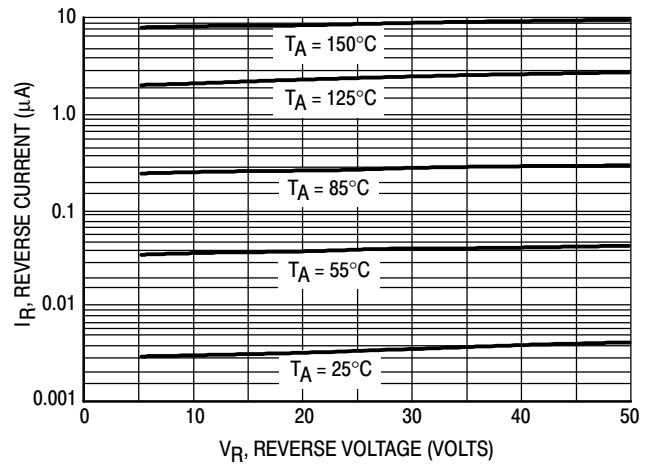


Figure 3. Leakage Current

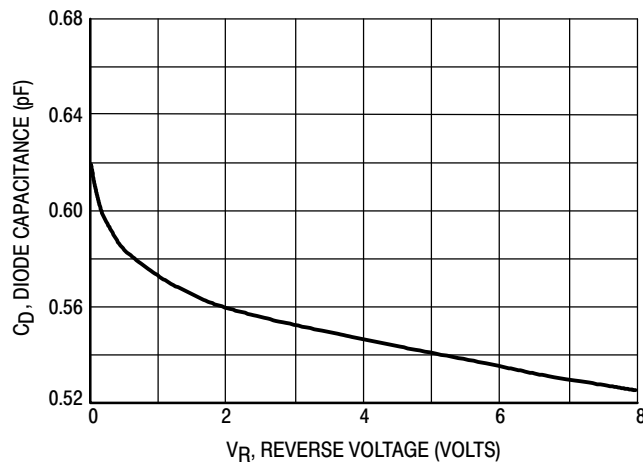
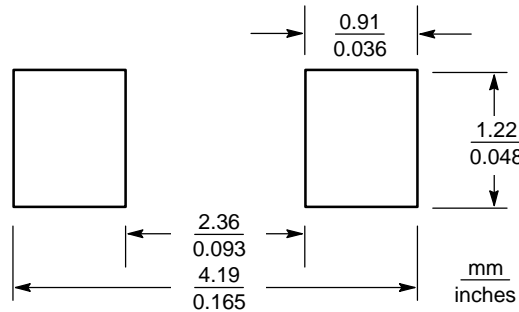


Figure 4. Capacitance

INFORMATION FOR USING THE SOD-123 SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE
MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection

interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



SOD-123

SOD-123 POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the SOD-123 is a function of the pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by $T_{J(max)}$, the maximum rated junction temperature of the die, $R_{\theta JA}$, the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature, T_A . Using the values provided on the data sheet for the SOD-123 package, P_D can be calculated as follows:

$$P_D = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_A}{R_{\theta JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature T_A of 25°C, one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 225 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150^\circ\text{C} - 25^\circ\text{C}}{556^\circ\text{C/W}} = 225 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 556°C/W for the SOD-123 package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 225 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the SOD-123 package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad™. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

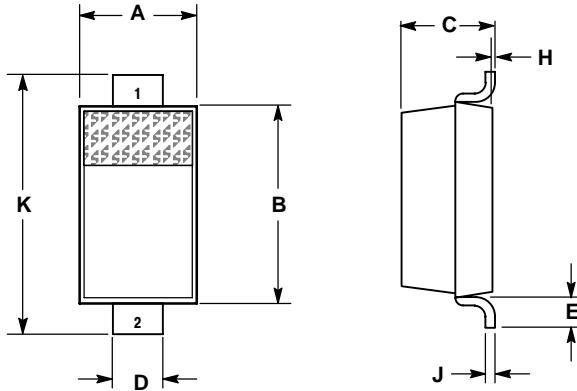
- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes. Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.

* Soldering a device without preheating can cause exces-

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PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

SOD-123
PLASTIC PACKAGE
CASE 425-04
ISSUE C




NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.055	0.071	1.40	1.80
B	0.100	0.112	2.55	2.85
C	0.037	0.053	0.95	1.35
D	0.020	0.028	0.50	0.70
E	0.004	---	0.25	---
H	0.000	0.004	0.00	0.10
J	---	0.006	---	0.15
K	0.140	0.152	3.55	3.85

STYLE 1:
 PIN 1. CATHODE
 2. ANODE

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